

Internship at National Health Mission, Gujarat

By

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Organizational Profile

2.1 Introduction

The Union Cabinet vide its decision dated 1st May 2013 has approved the launch of National Urban Health Mission (NUHM) as a Sub-mission of an over-arching National Health Mission (NHM), with National Health Mission (NHM) being the other Sub-mission of National Health Mission.

NHM has 6
financing
components

- 1.NHM-RCH Flexi pool
- 2.NUHM Flexi pool
- 3.Flexible pool for Communicable disease
- 4.Flexible pool for Non communicable disease including Injury and Trauma
- 5.Infrastructure Maintenance
- 6.Family Welfare Central Sector component

2.2 Goals

1. Reduce MMR to 1/1000 live births
2. Reduce IMR to 25/1000 live births
3. Reduce TFR to 2.1
4. Prevention and reduction of anemia in women aged 15–49 years
5. Prevent and reduce mortality & morbidity from communicable, non- communicable; injuries and emerging diseases
6. Reduce household out-of-pocket expenditure on total health care expenditure
7. Reduce annual incidence and mortality from Tuberculosis by half
8. Reduce prevalence of Leprosy to <1/10000 population and incidence to zero in all districts

2.3 Concept of NHM

National Health Mission (NHM) encompassing two Sub-Missions, National Health Mission (NHM) and National Urban Health Mission (NUHM). It is each versatile and dynamic and is meant to guide States towards guaranteeing the action of universal access to health care through strengthening of health systems, establishments and capabilities.

2.4 Vision of the NHM

"Attainment of Universal Access to Equitable, Affordable and Quality health care services, accountable and responsive to people's needs, with effective inter-sectoral convergent action to address the wider social determinants of health".

- ◆ Safeguard the health of the poor, vulnerable and disadvantaged, and move towards a right based approach to health through entitlements and service guarantees
- ◆ Strengthen public health systems as a basis for universal access and social protection against the rising costs of health care.
- ◆ Build environment of trust between people and providers of health services.
- ◆ Empower community to become active participants in the process of attainment of highest possible

Levels of health.

- ◆ Institutionalize transparency and accountability in all processes and mechanisms.
- ◆ Improve efficiency to optimize use of available resources.

2.4 Health Profile of Gujarat State

2.4.1 Total No. of Services in State

Particulars	No. of Services
District Hospitals	23

Sub District Hospitals	36
Community Health Centers	363
Primary Health Centers	1474

Table 2.1. Table showing the total number of health services in the state of Gujarat



Figure2.1. Figure showing the map of Gujarat

2.4.2 Demographic, Socio-economic and Health Profile as compared to India

The Total Fertility Rate of the State is 2.3. The Infant Mortality Rate is 38 and Maternal Mortality Ratio is 122 (SRS 2010 - 2012) which are lower than the National average. The Sex Ratio in the State is 919 (as compared to 943 for the country). Comparative figures of major health and demographic indicators are as follows:

INDICATOR	GUJARAT	INDIA
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Total population (In crore) (Census 2011)	6.04	121.01
Decadal Growth (%) (Census 2011)	19.3	17.64
Infant Mortality Rate (SRS 2013)	38	42
Maternal Mortality Rate (SRS 2010-12)	122	178
Total Fertility Rate (SRS 2012)	2.3	2.4
Crude Birth Rate (SRS 2013)	21.1	21.6
Crude Death Rate (SRS 2013)	6.6	7.0
Natural Growth Rate (SRS 2013)	14.5	14.5
Sex Ratio (Census 2011)	919	943
Child Sex Ratio (Census 2011)	890	919
Schedule Caste population (in crore) (Census 2011)	0.40	20.1
Schedule Tribe population (in crore) (Census 2011)	0.89	10.4
Total Literacy Rate (%) (Census 2011)	78.0	73.0
Male Literacy Rate (%) (Census 2011)	85.8	80.9
Female Literacy Rate (%) (Census 2011)	69.7	64.6

Table 2.2. Table showing Demographic, Socio-economic and Health Profile of State of Gujarat

2.4.3 Health Infrastructure

Particulars	Required	In position	shortfall
Sub-center	9156	7274	1882
Primary Health Centre	1433	1158	275

Community Health Centre	358	300	58
Health worker (Female)/ANM at Sub Centers & PHCs	8432	6431	2001
Health Worker (Male) at Sub Centers	7274	4874	2400
Health Assistant (Female)/LHV at PHCs	1158	875	283
Health Assistant (Male) at PHCs	1158	758	400
Doctor at PHCs	1158	778	380
Obstetricians & Gynecologists at CHCs	318	9	309
Pediatricians at CHCs	318	3	315
Total specialists at CHCs	1272	76	1196
Radiographers at CHCs	318	168	150
Pharmacist at PHCs & CHCs	1476	1428	48
Laboratory Technicians at PHCs & CHCs	1476	1365	111
Nursing Staff at PHCs & CHCs	3384	2705	679

(Source: RHS Bulletin, March 2012, M/O Health & F.W., GOI)

Table 2.3. Table showing Health Infrastructure in state of Gujarat

2.5 Structure and Organogram

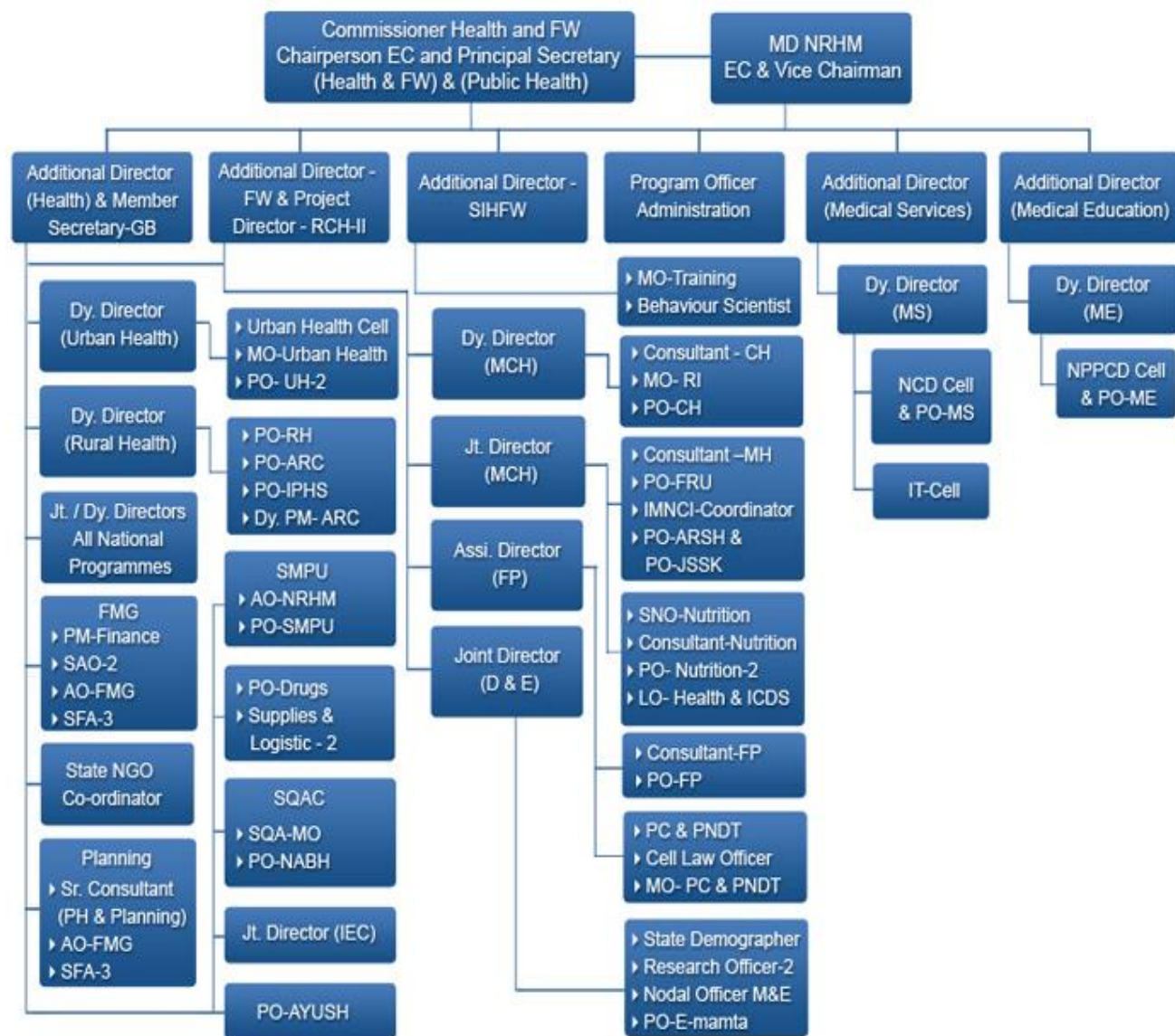


Figure 2.2. Figure showing organogram of national Health Mission of Gujarat

2.5.1 Integration of DHM, DHS & Programs

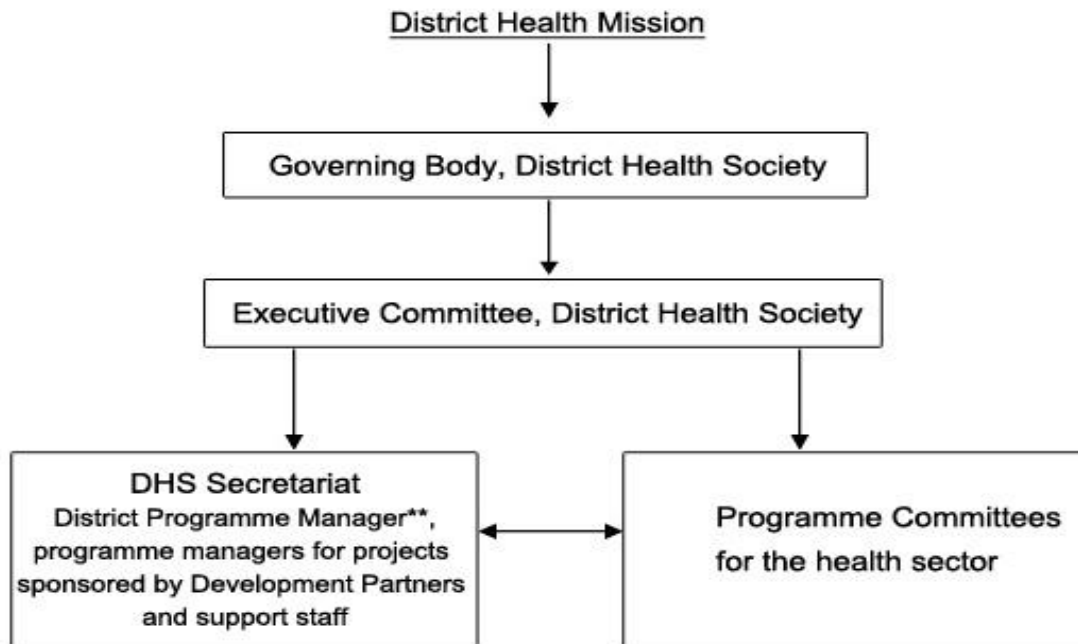


Figure 2.3. Figure showing Integration of district Health Mission, district Health Society and all the Programs

