

A STUDY ON IMPACT EVALUATION OF IMPLEMENTATION OF KAYAKALP: SWACHTA GUIDELINES AT LORD MAHAVIRA CIVIL HOSPITAL, LUDHIANA



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INTRODUCTION

- Swachh Bharat Abhiyaan was introduced by the Prime Minister of India on October 2, 2014 to encourage cleanliness in public places
- MOHFW, GOI launched KAYAKALP on May 15, 2015 to promote cleanliness and augment the quality of public healthcare facilities.
- Kayakalp-Swacchta guidelines have been issued by MOHFW along with the award scheme to serve as an encouraging factor for the public healthcare facilities.

Award Scheme and its Objective

- Two Best District Hospitals in each state
- Two best SDH/CHC in each state
- One PHC in each district

OBJECTIVES OF AWARD SCHEME

- To promote cleanliness, hygiene and Infection Control Practices in Public Health Care Facilities.
- To give incentives and recognition to the public healthcare facilities that show exemplary performance
- To build a culture of ongoing assessment and peer review

Cash Awards

Category	Type of Facility	Assessment Score	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)
I. Large States	DH	Highest (Best)	Rs. 50.00
		Runner-up	Rs. 20.00
	SDH/ CHC	Highest (Best)	Rs 15.00
		Runner-up	Rs. 10.00
	PHC	One in each District	Rs. 2.00
II. Small States	DH	Highest (Best)	Rs. 50.00
	CHC	Highest (Best)	Rs. 15.00
	PHC	One in each District	Rs. 2.00
Commendation & Cash Award (70% or more)			
All States	DH	More than 70% Score	Rs. 3.00
	SDH/CHC		Rs. 1.00
	PHC		Rs 0.50

Institutional Framework

State Level Award Committee

Chairperson: MD/Health Secretary.
Members: senior officers from Health directorate, SQAC, development Partners Medical Colleges, NGOs Public Health Engineering department, Pollution Control Board and water and Sanitation department.

Dissemination, Assessors Team constitution, Trainings, coordinate & validate Assessment, finalize winners & award, conflict resolution

District level Award Nomination Committee

Chair person: DM/CMO
Members: Zilla Panchayat Health committee, DQAC, Civil society representatives, RKS members

Dissemination, internal & peer assessment, Trainings, monitoring, nomination for awards.

Hospital Cleanliness & Infection Control Committee

Medical Superintendent, Matron, Hospital Manager, Pathologist/ Microbiologist, Departmental In charges

Internal Assessment, Action Planning, Gap Closure, Hands on Training, Monitoring of cleanliness

KAYAKALP ASSESSMENT PROCESS

Preliminary Internal Assessment

- Scoring Done by hospital staff
- Gaps are found
- Gaps fulfillment is done

Final Internal Assessment

- Scoring done by the same team

Peer Assessment

- The facilities are assessed by the other hospital teams from the district and the scoring is done

External Assessment

- Only the facilities obtaining 70% in peer assessment, qualify for this step
- Done by a team of experts nominated by the State

Assessment Activities

Internal Assessment

- Hospital Staff
- Periodic Exercise
- Scores to be Reported to District Committee
- Followed by Action Plan

Peer Assessment

- Staff from other health facilities
- Once 70% score is achieved in internal Assessment
- Essential for nomination for State level External assessment

External Assessment

- By team of trained external assessor
- Once nomination is received from district nomination committee
- Essential for State level award and commendation prize

Criteria for Assessment- DH/ SDH/Satellite/CHC

600

100



Hospital upkeep

100



Sanitation & Hygiene

100



Waste Management

100



Infection Control

50



Support Services.

50



Hygiene promotions

100

Beyond Hospital
Boundary

KAYAKALP—Anatomy of Score Card

Page-14,
Kayakalp

Thematic Area

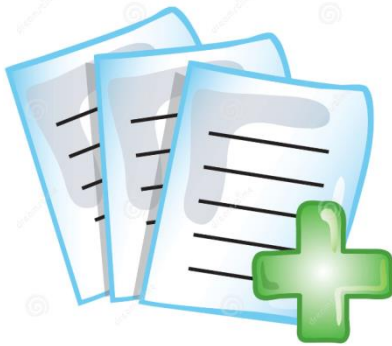
Reference No.

Ref. No.	Criteria	Assessment Method	Means of Verification	Compliance
A.	HOSPITAL FACILITY UPKEEP			
A1	Pest & Animal Control			
A1.1	No stray animals within the facility premises	OB/SI	Observe for the presence of stray animals such as dogs, cats, etc. within the premises. Also discuss with the facility staff	
A1.2	Cattle-trap is installed at the entrance	OB	Check at the entrance of facility that cattle trap has been provided. Also look at the breach, if any, in the boundary wall	
A1.3	Pest Control Measures are implemented in the facility	SI/RR	Ask the facility administration about pest control measures to control rodents and insect. Check records of engaging a professional agency for the same	
A1.4	Anti-termite Treatment of the wooden furniture and fixtures is undertaken periodically	RR/SI	Check if the facility has a scheduled programme for anti-termite treatment at least once in a year	
A1.5	Measures for Mosquito free environment are in place	OB/SI /PI	Check for a. Usage of Mosquito nets by the patients b. Availability of adequate stock of Mosquito nets	

Assessment Method



OBSERVATION
(OB)



RECORD REVIEW
(RR)



STAFF INTERVIEW
(SI)



PATIENT INTERVIEW
(PI)

Compliance & Scoring Rules

Full
Compliance

2

- All Requirements in Checkpoint are Meeting
- All Tracers given in Means of verification are available
- Intent of check point is meeting

Partial
Compliance

1

- Some of the requirements in checkpoints are meeting
- All Least 50% of tracers in Means of verification are available
- Intent of check point is partially meeting

Non
Compliance

0

- Most of the requirements are not meeting
- Less than 50% of tracers in Means of verification are available
- Intent of Check point is not meeting

कायाकल्प

Clean Hospital Initiative



Theme A – Hospital / Facility upkeep

Pest & Animal Control



Landscaping & Gardening



Maintenance of open area



Hospital Appearance



Infrastructure Maintenance



Illumination



Hospital Upkeep



Theme A

Work Place Management



Water Conservation



Removal of Junk Material



Maintenance of Furniture & Fixtures



कायाकल्प

Clean Hospital Initiative



Theme B – Sanitation & Hygiene

Clean Circulation area

Clean Wards

**Drainage and sewage
management**

Clean procedure area

**Monitoring of
cleanliness
activities**

Theme B



**Sanitation &
Hygiene**

Clean Ambulatory area

**Standard methods for
cleaning**

Clean Auxiliary areas

**Standard material and
equipment for
cleaning**

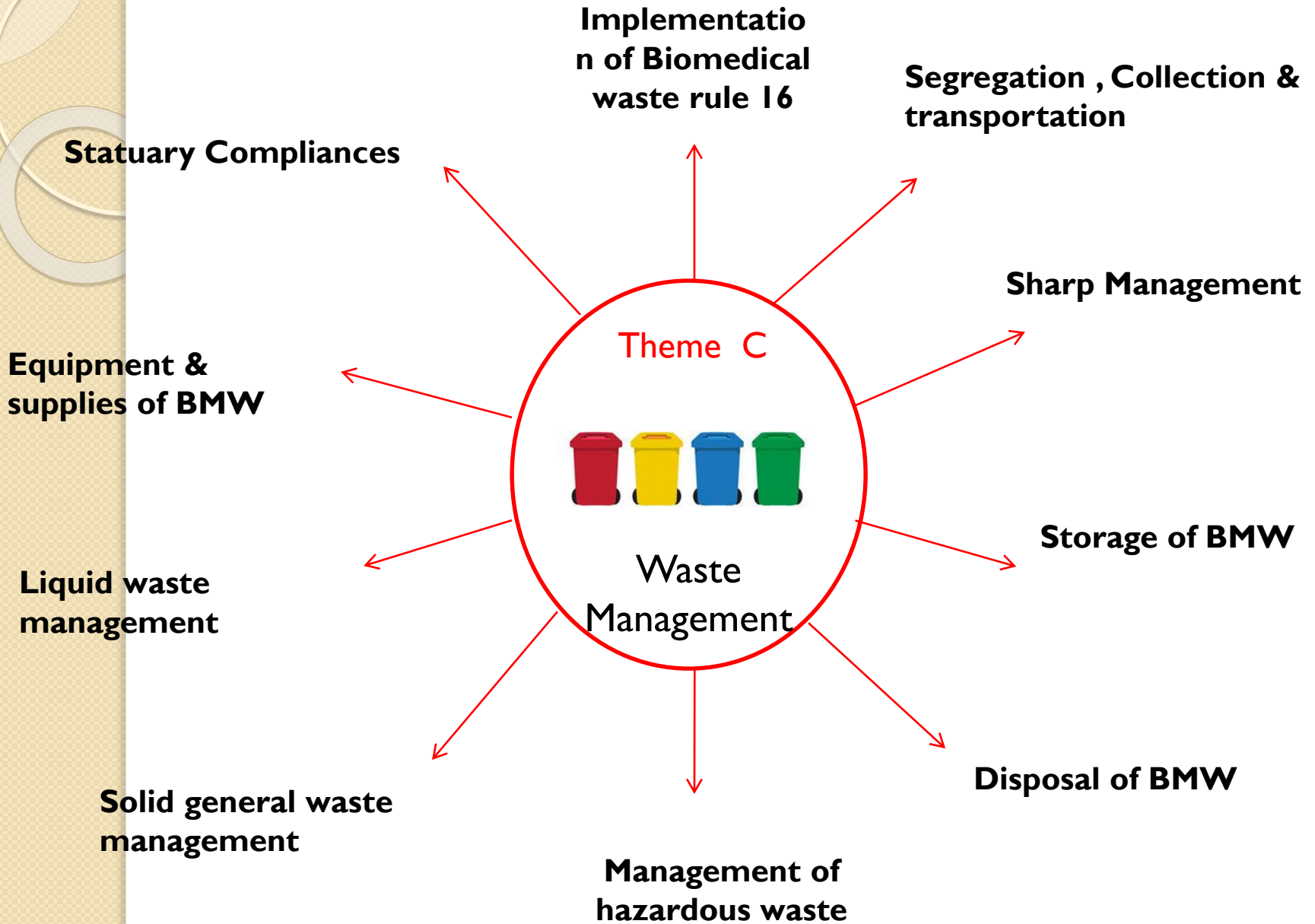
Clean Toilets

कायाकल्प

Clean Hospital Initiative



Theme C – Waste Management

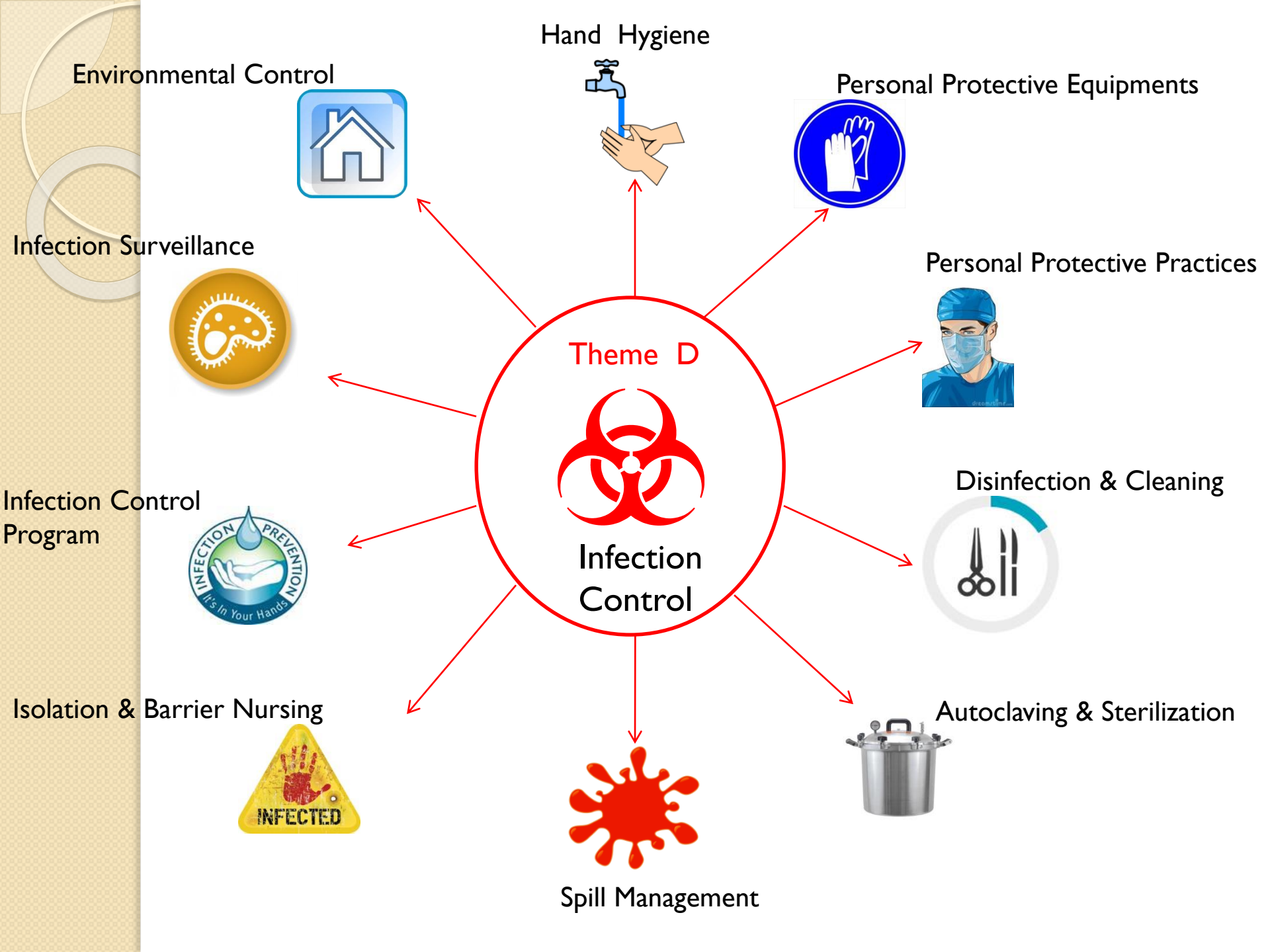


कायाकल्प

Clean Hospital Initiative

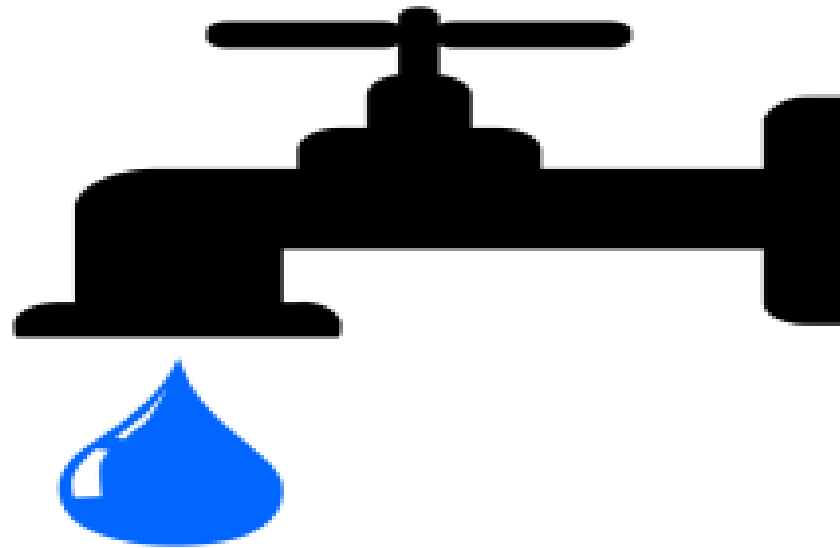


Theme D – Infection Control Practices



कायाकल्प

Clean Hospital Initiative



Theme E – Support Service

Support Services

Laundry &
Linen Services



Water
Sanitation



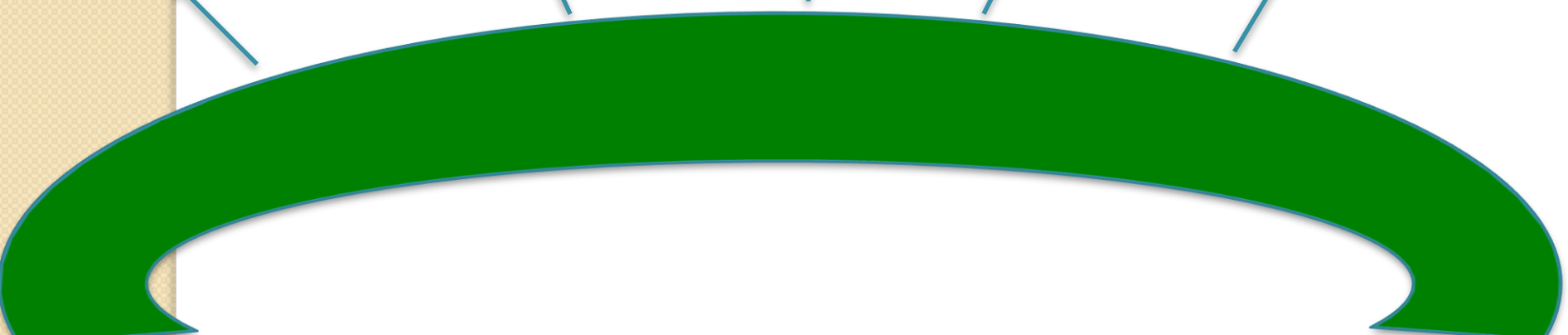
Kitchen
Services



Security
Services



Outsourced
services



कायाकल्प

Clean Hospital Initiative



Theme F – Hygiene Promotion

Hygiene Promotion

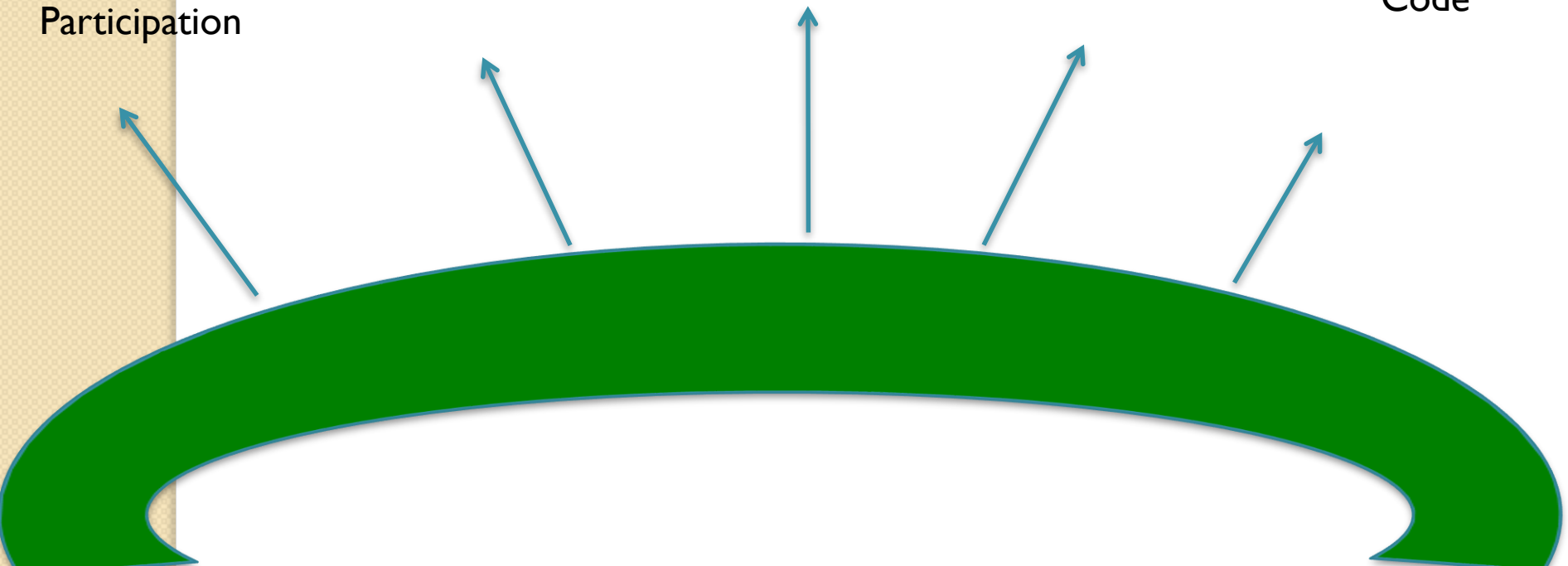
Community
Monitoring &
Patients
Participation

Information,
Education &
Communication

Leadership &
Team Work

Training &
Capacity
Building

Staff Hygiene
and Dress
Code



OBJECTIVES

General

- To implement Kayakalp- Swaccha guidelines in District Hospital Ludhiana and evaluate the impact of implementation of the guidelines on Cleanliness, hygiene, waste management and infection control practices in the hospital and the cleanliness practices beyond the hospital boundary.

Specific

- To do the gap closures according to the initial assessment and achieve more than 75% score in order to be able to achieve good scores in peer assessment(more than 70%) and qualify for the external assessment
- To recommend strategies for improving the level of cleanliness in the hospital and beyond its boundary.

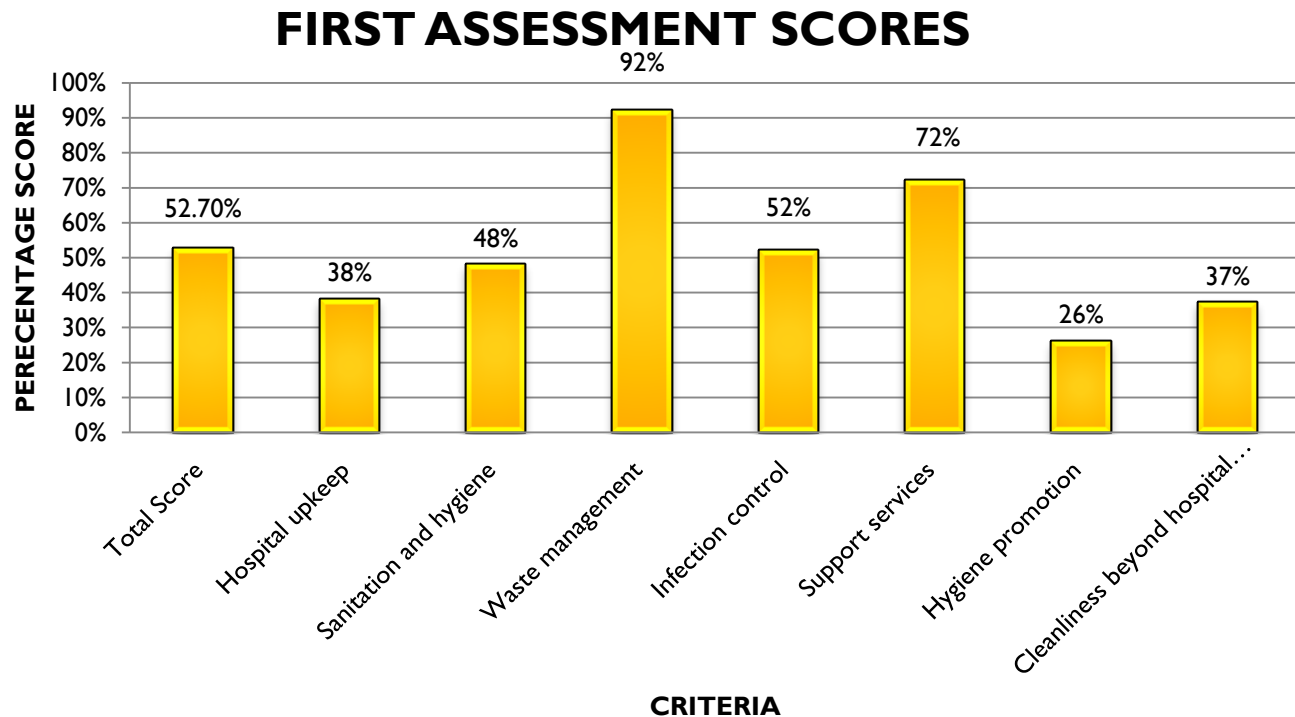
STUDY METHODOLOGY

- The study was carried at Lord Mahavira Civil Hospital, Ludhiana from February 1, 2018 to April 30, 2018.
- District Hospital Ludhiana caters to around 7000 Outpatient load, 4000 Inpatient load and 800 deliveries a month. Cleanliness was a major concern in the hospital due to huge rush daily. Thus Kayakalp was implemented with the aim of improving cleanliness and overall sanitation of the hospital .
- Study area –Lord Mahavira Civil Hospital , Ludhiana.
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- Study design – Descriptive Study
-
- Data Collection– Direct Observation, Record Review and Interview(Staff, patient and patient attendants)
-
- Data analysis – Using Microsoft Excel.
- Duration of Study: 3 months

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- PARAMETERS ASSESSED
 - The parameters on which the performance of the facility would be judged are as follows:
 - Hospital/Facility Upkeep
 - Sanitation and hygiene
 - Waste Management
 - Infection control
 - Support Services
 - Hygiene Promotion
-
- **Data Collection Method :-** Qualitative& Quantitative data collected through survey questionnaire, record and personal interview of the staff, patients as well attendents.
 - Collection through direct observations.
 - Interacting with the patients or the attendants of the patients of this hospital.
 - Interacting with the staff of this hospital
 - Information obtained through Hospital records.
 - Information gathered through internet.

PRELIMINARY INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

- This was the first assessment done from February 5, 2018 to February 28, 2018



PRIORITY AREAS

Defined in the order in which improvements are needed to be made

PRIORITY A : The areas which require major improvement to achieve 70% score

1. Hygiene Promotion
2. Cleanliness beyond hospital boundary
3. Hospital upkeep

PRIORITY B : The areas which require some improvements to achieve 70% score

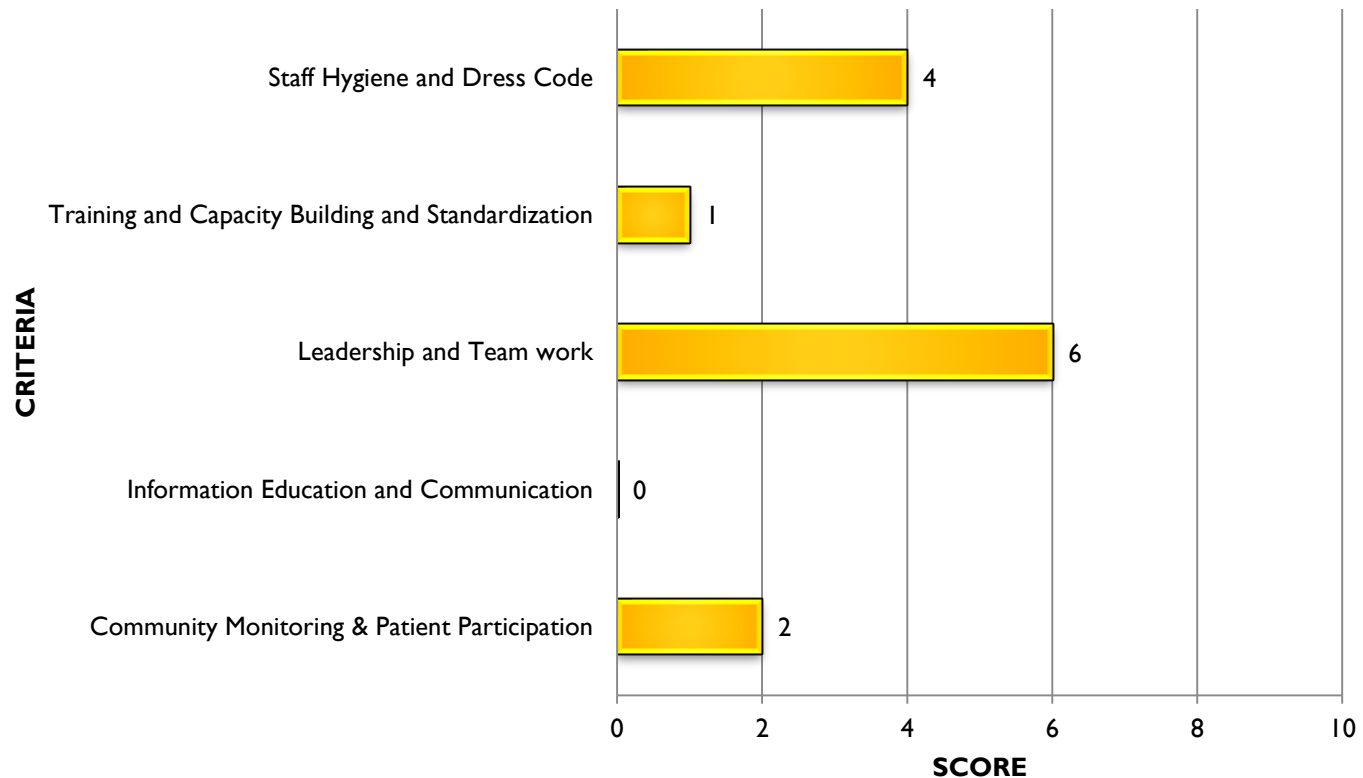
1. Sanitation and hygiene
2. Infection control

PRIORITY C : The areas which donot require any further interventions

1. Support services
2. Waste Management

GRAPH SHOWING SCORES OF HYGIENE PROMOTION AFTER PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

HYGIENE PROMOTION

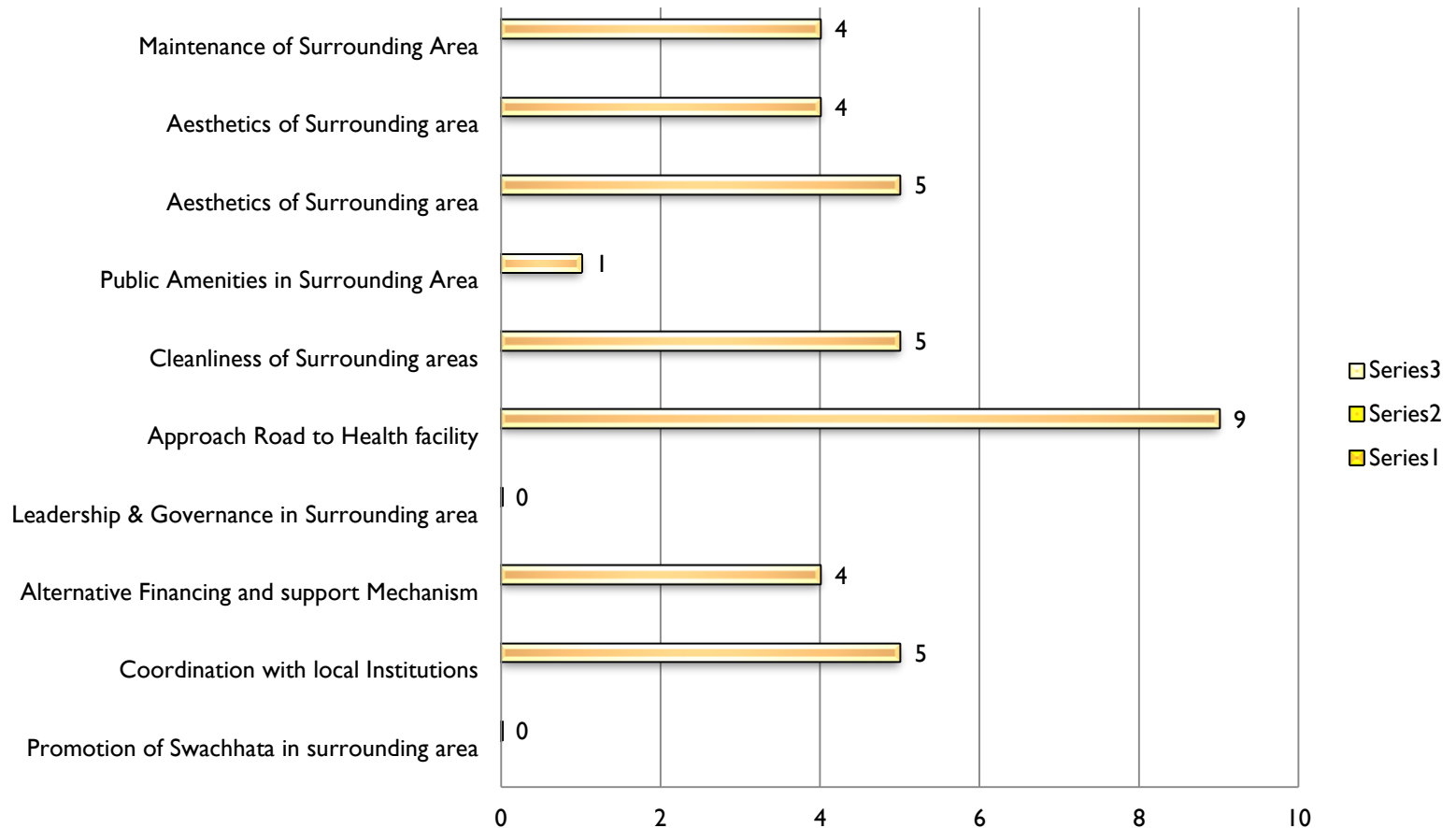


Major Gaps found w.r.t Hygiene Promotion

- IEC material for hygiene promotion is not displayed at points of use.
- Staff training w.r.t. Infection control measures, Hand washing methods, Moments of hand washing etc. and maintaining training records
- Active Participation of community and Rogi kalyan Samiti members for maintaining and monitoring the cleanliness in the hospital premises.
- Patient education w.r.t. their roles and responsibilities regarding cleanliness
- Defined Grievance Redressal Mechanism and display of IEC related to it.
- Constitution and effective operationalisation of Infection control committee.

GRAPH SHOWING SCORES OF CLEANLINESS BEYOND HOSPITAL BOUNDARY AFTER PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

CLEANLINESS BEYOND HOSPITAL BOUNDARY

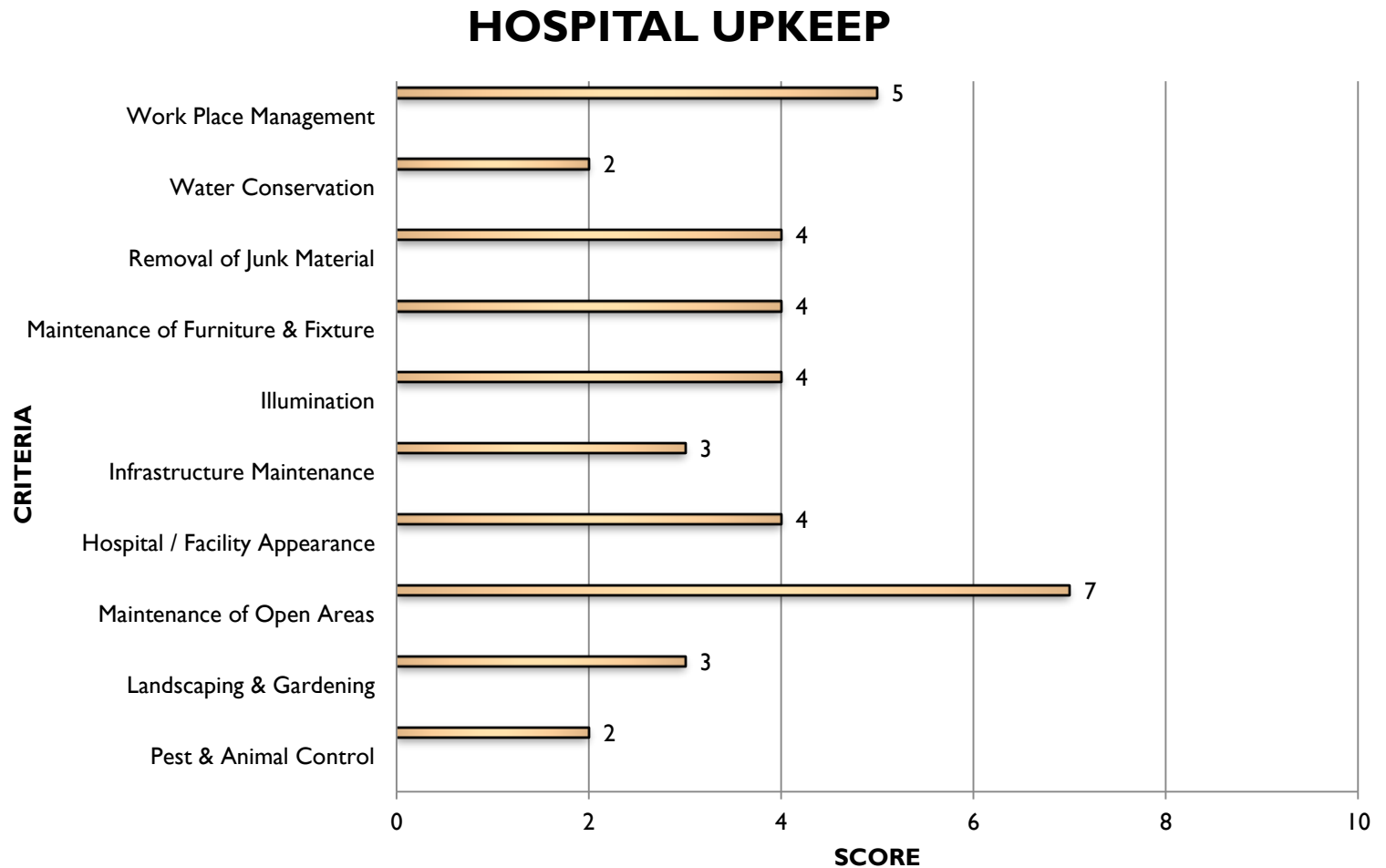


Major Gaps w.r.t. Cleanliness

Beyond Hospital Boundary

- Lack of community awareness activities for maintaining cleanliness
- Swachta Pakhwadas not conducted periodically
- Lack of Coordination with NGOs, municipal corporation for sanitation and hygiene improvement.
- Less attraction of the firms for CSR activities
- Lack of activities for maintaining cleanliness, safety and hygiene in the surroundings of hospital

GRAPH SHOWING SCORES OF HOSPITAL UPKEEP AFTER PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

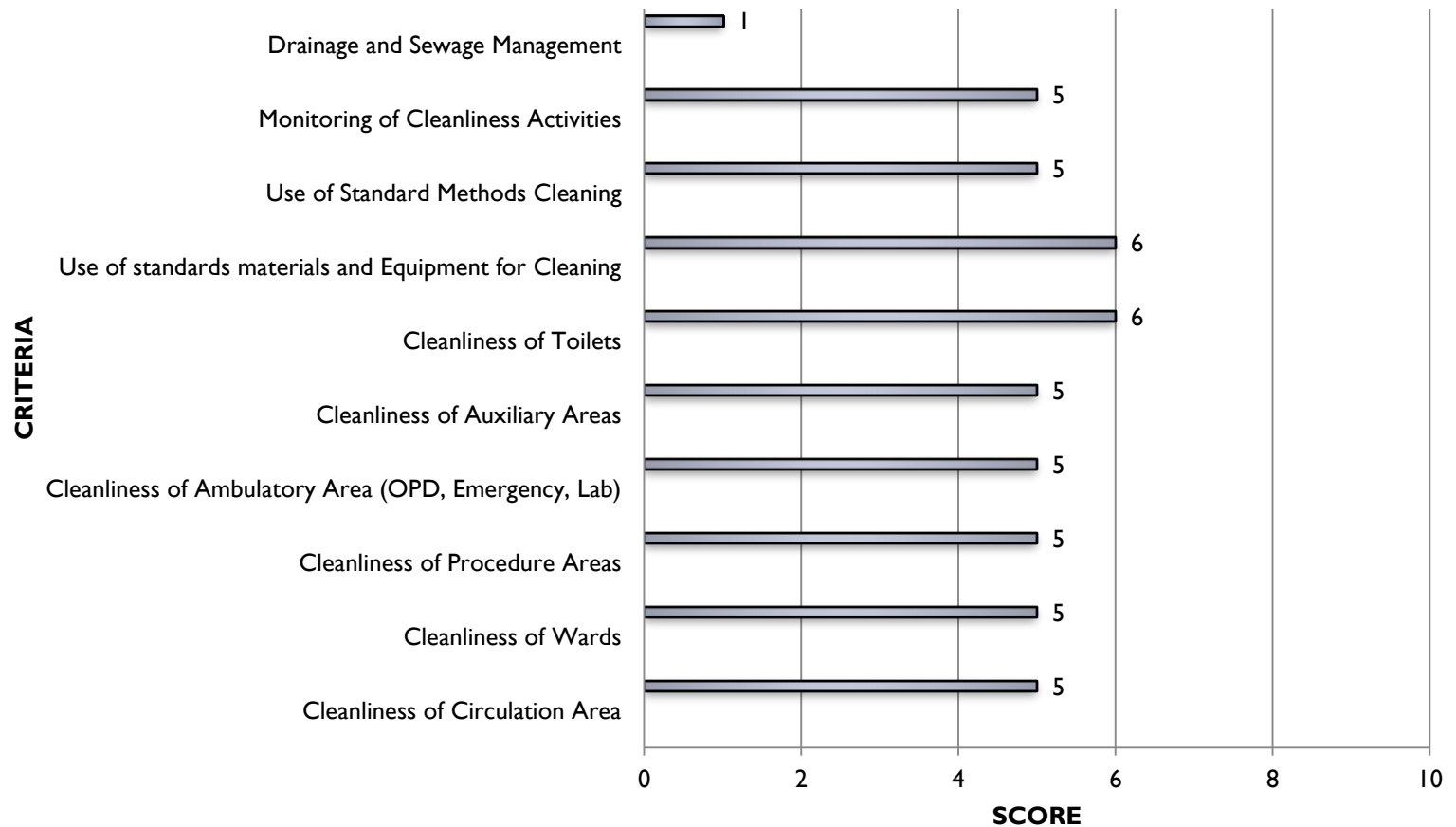


Major Gaps w.r.t Hospital Upkeep

- Lack of measures for pest control, anti termite treatment, mosquito free environment, cattle and dog trapping.
- Landscaping of the open areas not optimum
- Painting of the interiors and exteriors of the hospital to be done : walls, roofs, doors, windows etc.
- Herbal garden not present
- Fencing of the gardens absent
- Broken furnitures, fixtures, doors, windows etc
- unwanted posters
- Uniform signage system absent
- Faulty electrical fittings and wires
- Inadequate illumination in many areas
- Junk in open areas
- Water Conservation methods absent

GRAPH SHOWING SCORES OF SANITATION AND HYGIENE AS PER PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

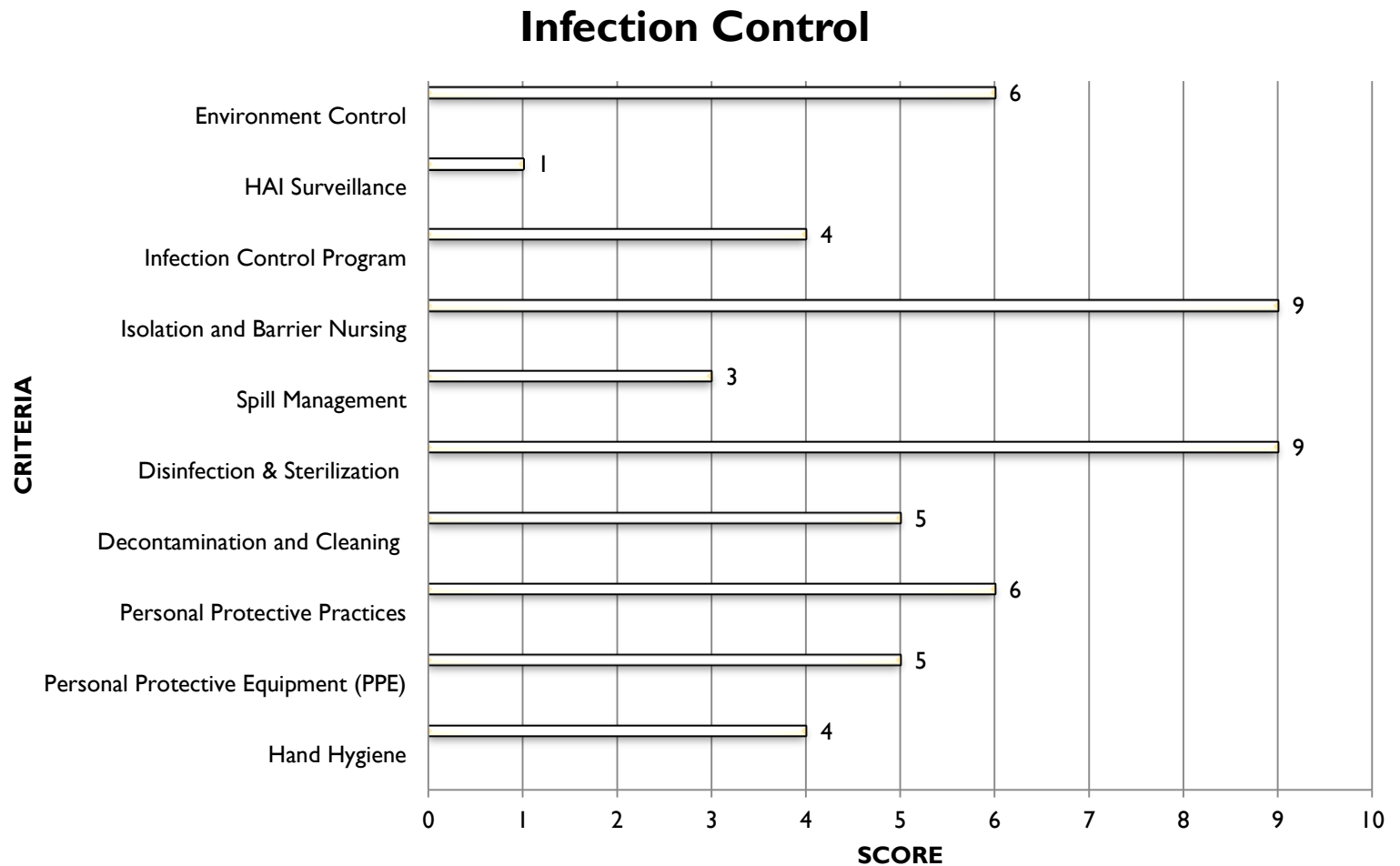
SANITATION AND HYGIENE



Major gaps w.r.t. Sanitation and hygiene

- Dirt, grease , stains, cobwebs, birdnests at multiple locations in the hospital.
- Housekeeping doesnot follow any checklist and also no defined schedule of cleaning and dusting is followed properly
- Staff doesn't know the correct method of dilution of cleaning agent
- Staff doesn't follow unidirectional mopping
- Drainage system is open which leads to blockages and overflow of the drains

GRAPH SHOWING SCORES OF INFECTION CONTROL AS PER PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT



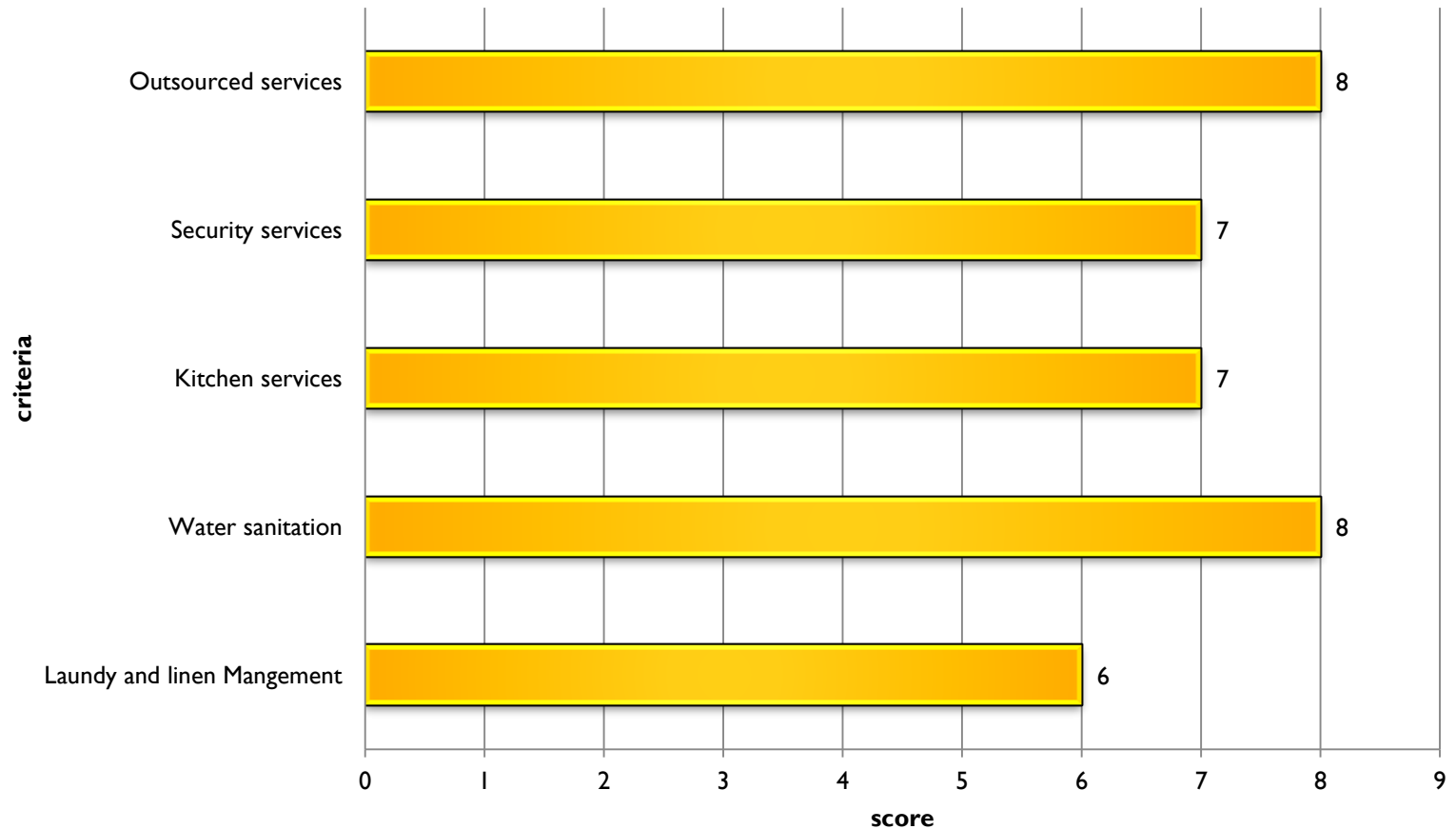
Major Gaps found w.r.t.

Infection Control

- Infection Control Committee not constituted .
- IEC not displayed at points of use
- Staff not trained for hand hygiene and use of PPE
- Staff not trained for decontamination of instruments
- Staff not trained for spill management
- Lack of adequate space doesnot allow minimum distance between beds
- No surveillance done for HAI
- Temperature and pressure not maintained in OT

Major Gaps found w.r.t. Infection Control

Support services

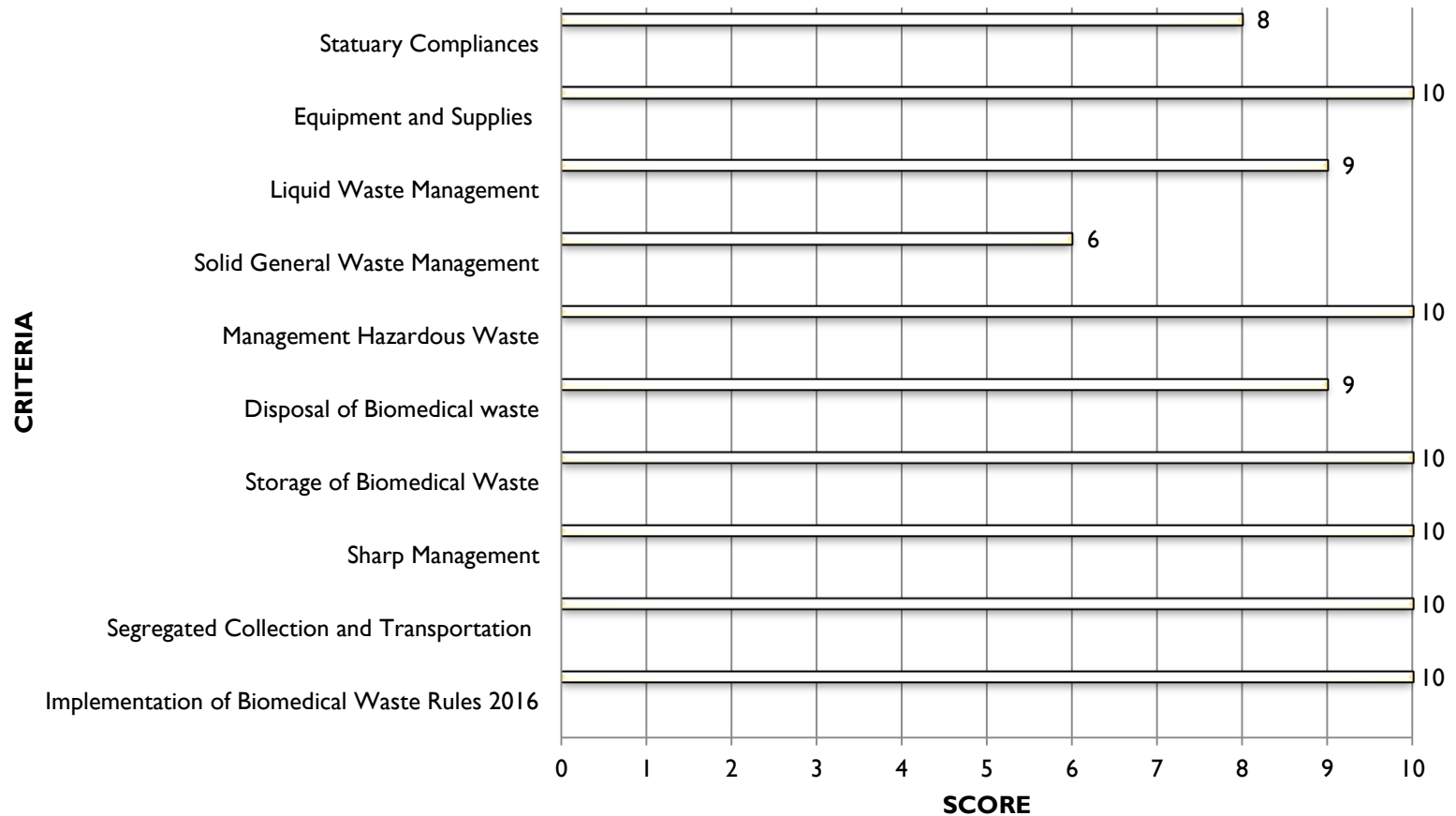


Major gaps w.r.t. Support Services

- Linen gets patchy because the staff doesnot know how much concentration of hypochlorite is to be used
- Quality of water not checked periodically
- Performance monitoring and evaluation of the outsourced staff is not done periodically

GRAPH SHOWING SCORES OF WASTE MANAGEMENT AS PER PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

WASTE MANAGEMENT



Major gaps w.r.t. Waste management

- No innovative measures like Vermicomposting etc are taken into play
- The hospital doesn't maintain its website, hence annual reports cannot be updated .

ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT BY HOSPITAL AUTHORITIES TO IMPLEMENT KAYAKALP- SWACHTA GUIDELINES

- These activities were carried out by the hospital authorities after gap analysis from the Preliminary internal assessment.
- These gaps were fulfilled during the period March 1, 2018 to April 20, 2018
- The Security Supervisor was instructed to keep an eye on the entry of dogs in the premises. In case of failure in doing so, the contractual security staff would be held responsible .
- Rodent sprays were purchased and used wherever needed. There was a areas.
- Wire meshes of the windows were replaced in case of faulty meshes and new meshes were placed wherever needed.
- The front of the facility is undergoing landscaping by a charitable trust Ludhiana Ladies Club
- Gardener was outsourced for a week . In collaboration with the permanently employed gardener, they cut all the overgrown shrubs, branches of trees and the wild vegetation.

- 
- Fencing of all the gardens was done
 - A Herbal Garden was made
 - Abandoned part of the building present on the second floor in the old wing is undergoing construction and will be used as an administrative department (not yet finalized)
 - The walls of both the wings (interiors and exteriors) were painted again in order to get rid of the chipped off plaster .
 - All the outdated posters removed and wall writings washed or painted.
 -
 - The Underlying causes of seepage in various areas taken into account and corrected by the plumber.(Wherever correction was not possible, the toilets have been closed till the time any solution is found)
 - An electrician was outsourced who in collaboration with the permanent employee electrician, ensured the correction of all electronic faults, loose hanging wires etc
 - Parking space was demarcated for staff, patients/patient attendants and higher authorities

- Illumination was checked using the luxometer app and wherever needed the new light bulbs (LED Bulbs) were placed in order to obtain optimum illumination and energy efficiency.

Wards	100 Lux
Toilets	100 Lux
Procedure areas	300 Lux
Nursing station	150-300 Lux

- 
- Carpenter was outsourced in order to repair the broken doors and windows , broken chairs, stools etc
 - Broken Window glasses were replaced .
 - All the rusted patient beds , trolleys, wheel chairs and stretchers were painted and the wheels were lubricated.
 - Broken beds were repaired and the ones grossly damaged were discarded and replaced.
 - The repaired furniture, doors and windows were painted .
 - A room on the second floor of the new building was identified to be used as a junk room and all the junk lying here and other in the hospital was collected here. (The items not of any further use were condemned in accordance with the condemnation policy).

- 
- The outsourced plumber repaired all the leaking taps , overflowing tanks and dysfunctional cisterns .
 - IEC regarding water conservation was displayed.
 - The staff was given training for managing workplace (5S).
 - The Contractual Housekeeping was called on two consecutive Sundays for cleaning any dirt, grease , stains, cobwebs, bird nests etc
 - A housekeeping checklist for cleaning was made and housekeeping staff was instructed to display the same in every toilet, ward, OPD, OT, labour room, laboratory, emergency room, radiology department. The same was to be filled by the staff by the morning, evening and night housekeeping staff and countersigned by the housekeeping supervisor at 10 AM , 2 PM and 8 PM.

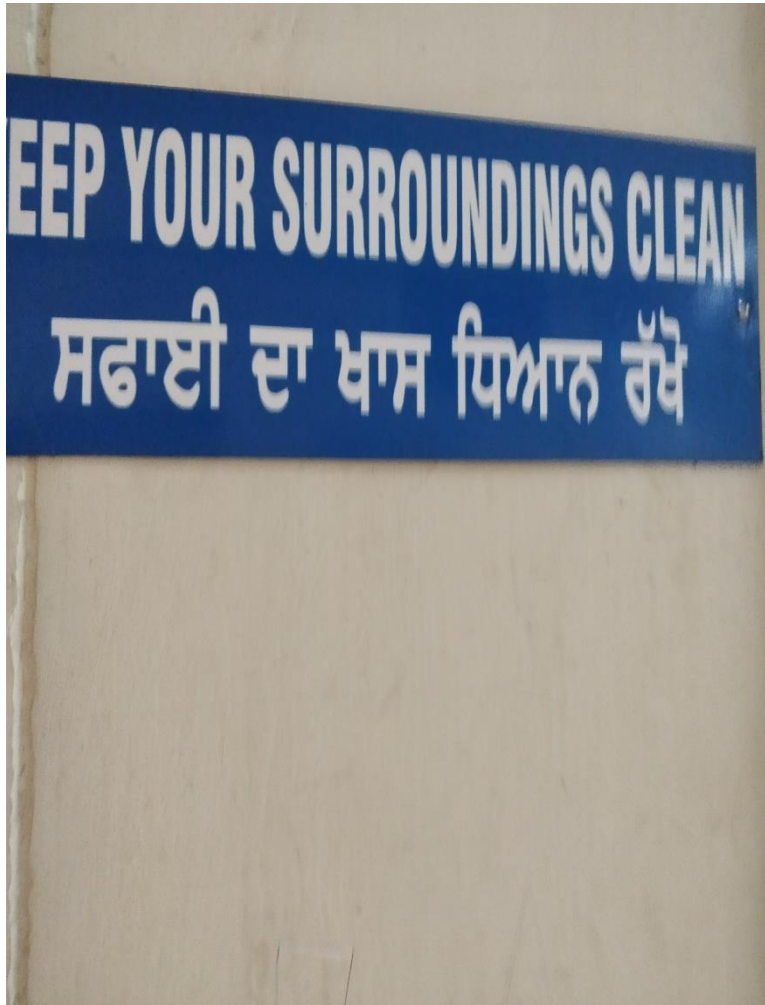
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- Housekeeping staff was given training for the dilution of hypochlorite .
 - Housekeeping staff was giving training regarding three bucket system of cleaning and mopping directions.
 - IEC regarding 6 Hand washing steps and 5 moments of hand washing to be displayed at all points of use.
 - Alcohol based hand rub made available.
 - Staff trained for 6 steps of hand washing and 5 moments of hand wshing.
 - Staff trained for when and how to wear PPE.
 - Contractual housekeeping staff instructed to issue the annual stock of the PPE material for the class 4 staff as per the contract.
 - Staff trained for spill management.
 - IEC regarding spill management displayed at all points of use.

- 
- Infection control committee was constituted.
 - Infection control nurse was assigned the duty of daily monitoring of infection control practices.
 - Periodic Quality Check of water was done by municipal corporation.
 - IEC regarding Swachh Bharat Abhiyaan displayed within the facilities' premises.
 - Swachta Pakhwada was observed in the hospital from April 1 to April 15.
 - Local NGOs were involved in the cleanliness drives.
 - Vardhman donated various essential equipments under CSR.

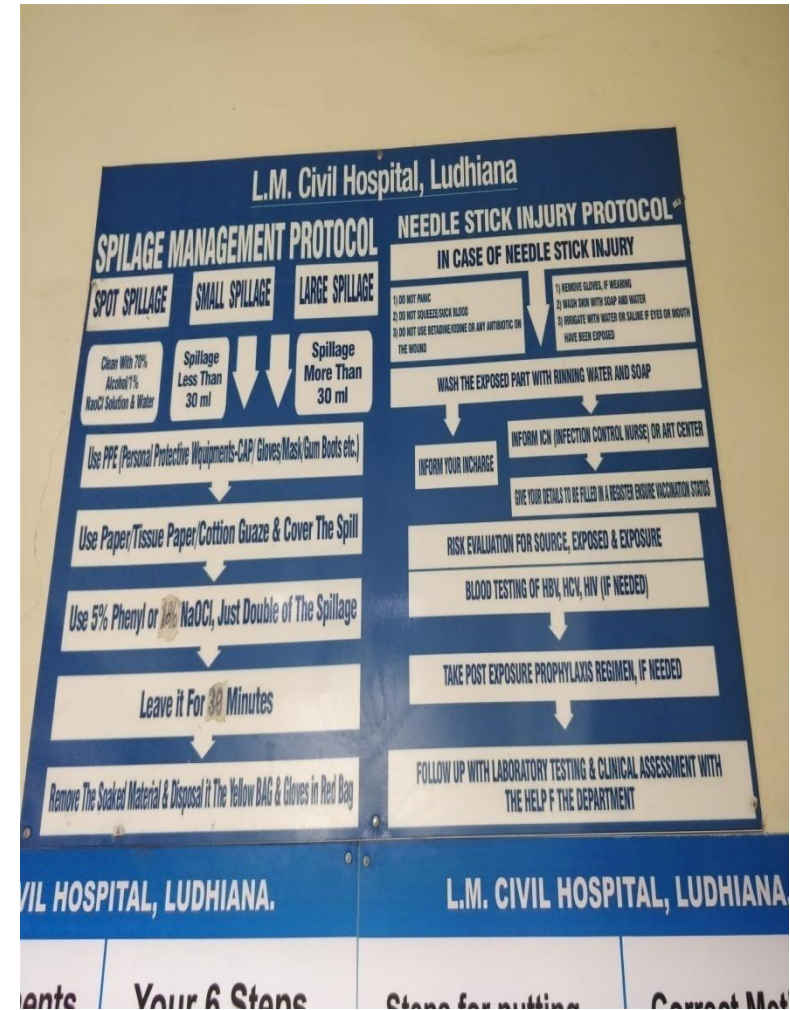
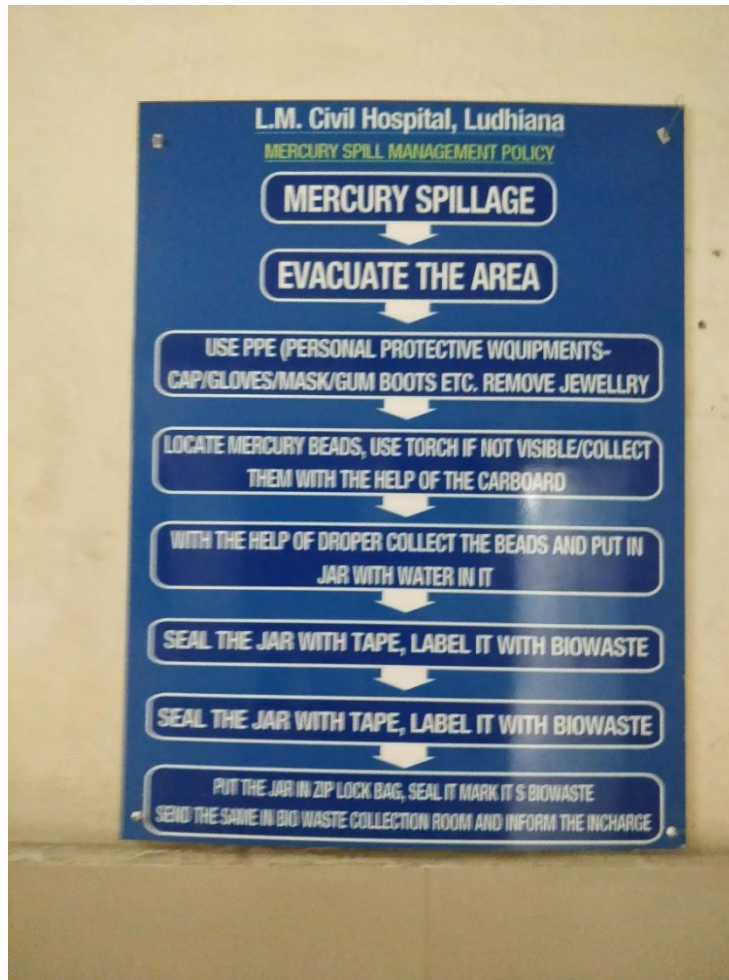
Signages in uniform color



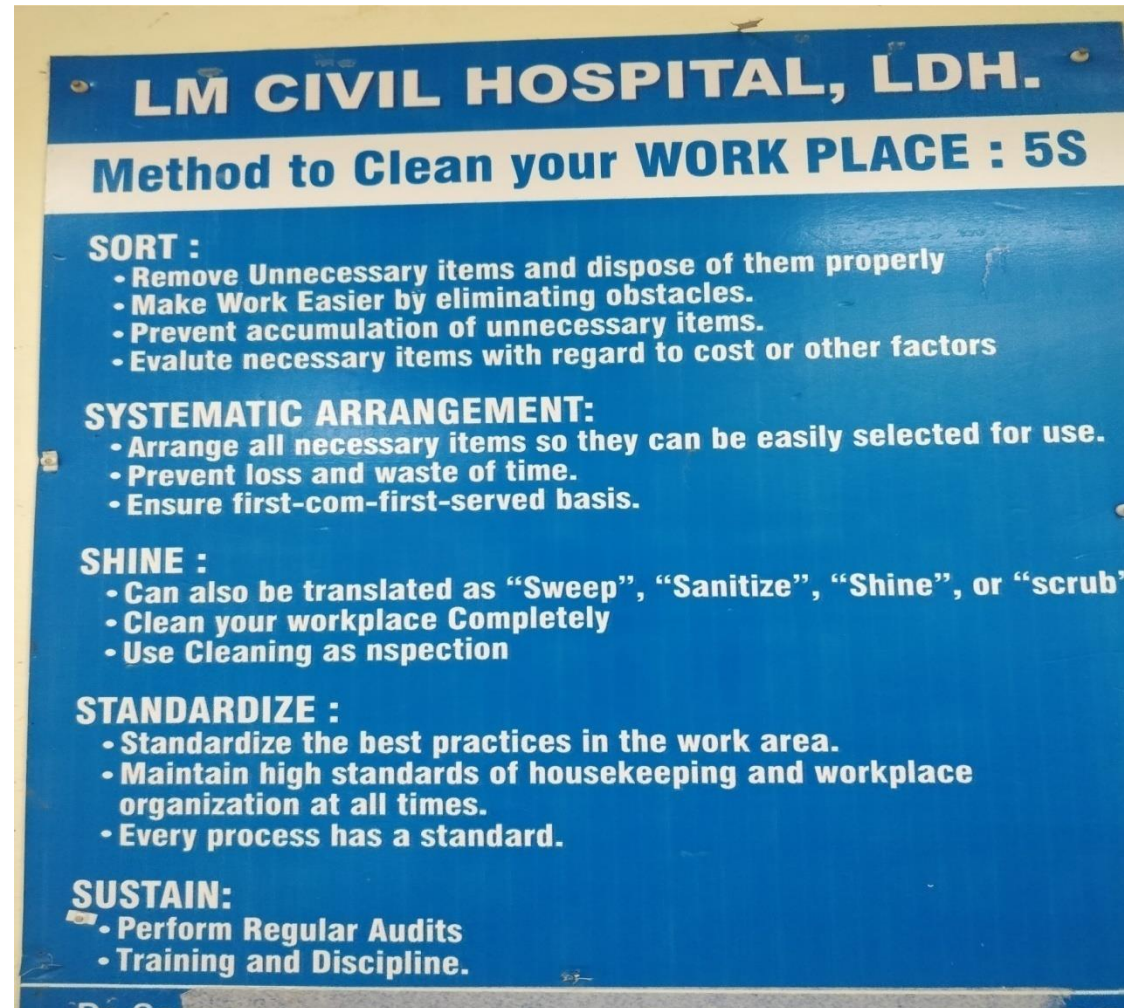
Bilingual signages



IEC displayed for Spill Management



IEC for Work place management (5S)



IEC for Patients Rights and Responsibilities

ਮਰੀਜ਼ਾਂ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਕਾਰ

1. ਇਲਾਜ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਕਾਰ
2. ਸੂਚਨਾ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਕਾਰ
3. ਵਿਕਲਪ ਚੁਨਣ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਕਾਰ
4. ਸ਼ਿਕਾਇਤ ਕਰਨ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਕਾਰ
5. ਕਿਤੇ ਹੋਰ ਇਲਾਜ ਕਰਵਾਉਣ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਕਾਰ
6. ਨਿਵਾਰਨ ਦੀ ਮੰਗ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਕਾਰ
7. ਐਚ.ਆਈ.ਵੀ ਪੋਸਟਿਵ ਮਰੀਜ਼ ਨੂੰ ਅ-ਵਿਤਕਰੇ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਕਾਰ
8. ਇਲਾਜ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਹਿਮਤੀ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਕਾਰ

ਮਰੀਜ਼ਾਂ ਦੀ ਜ਼ਿੰਮੇਵਾਰੀ

1. ਡਾਕਟਰ, ਨਰਸਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਹੋਰ ਸਟਾਫ਼ ਦਾ ਆਦਰ ਕਰਨਾ
2. ਆਪਣਾ ਮੈਡੀਕਲ ਰਿਕਾਰਡ ਸੰਭਾਲ ਕੇ ਰੱਖਣਾ
3. ਆਪਣੇ ਇਲਾਕੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਆਉਂਦੀਆਂ ਚੰਗੀਆਂ ਸਿਹਤ ਸੰਸਥਾਵਾਂ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਰੱਖਣਾ
4. ਡਾਕਟਰ ਨਾਲ ਆਪਣੇ ਇਲਾਜ ਵਿੱਚ ਪੂਰਾ ਸਹਿਯੋਗ ਦੇਣਾ
5. ਹਸਪਤਾਲ ਵਿੱਚ ਸ਼ਾਂਤੀ ਬਣਾ ਕੇ ਰੱਖਣੀ
6. ਸਿਹਤ ਸੇਵਾਵਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਵਧੀਆ ਬਣਾਉਣ ਲਈ ਆਪਣਾ ਸੁਝਾਅ ਦੇਣਾ

Herbal Garden Set up



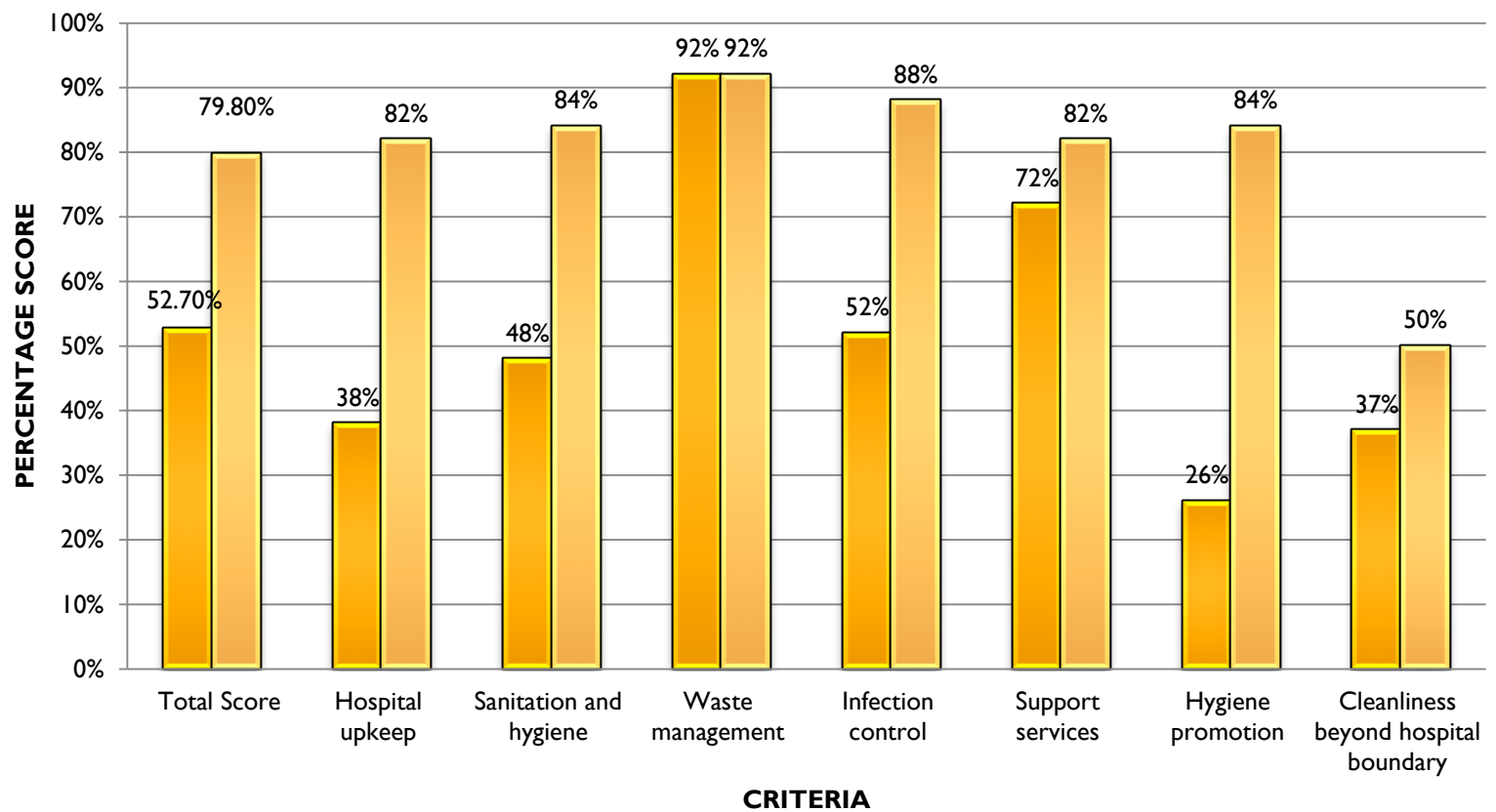
IEC for hand hygiene displayed at all points of use



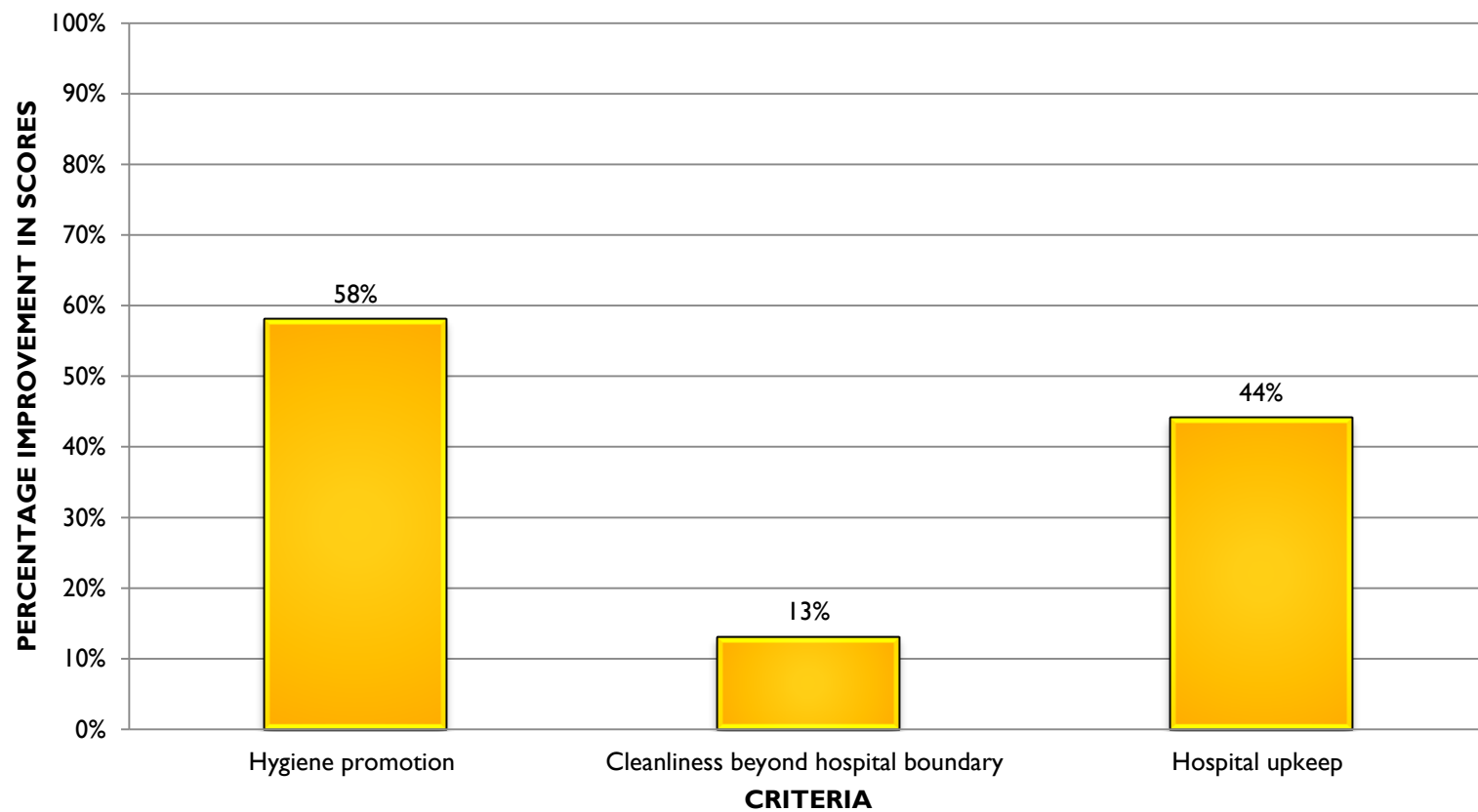
FINAL INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

- After the gap closures, Re assessment was done in order to quantify the improvements. The final assessment was done from April 26 to April 30, 2018

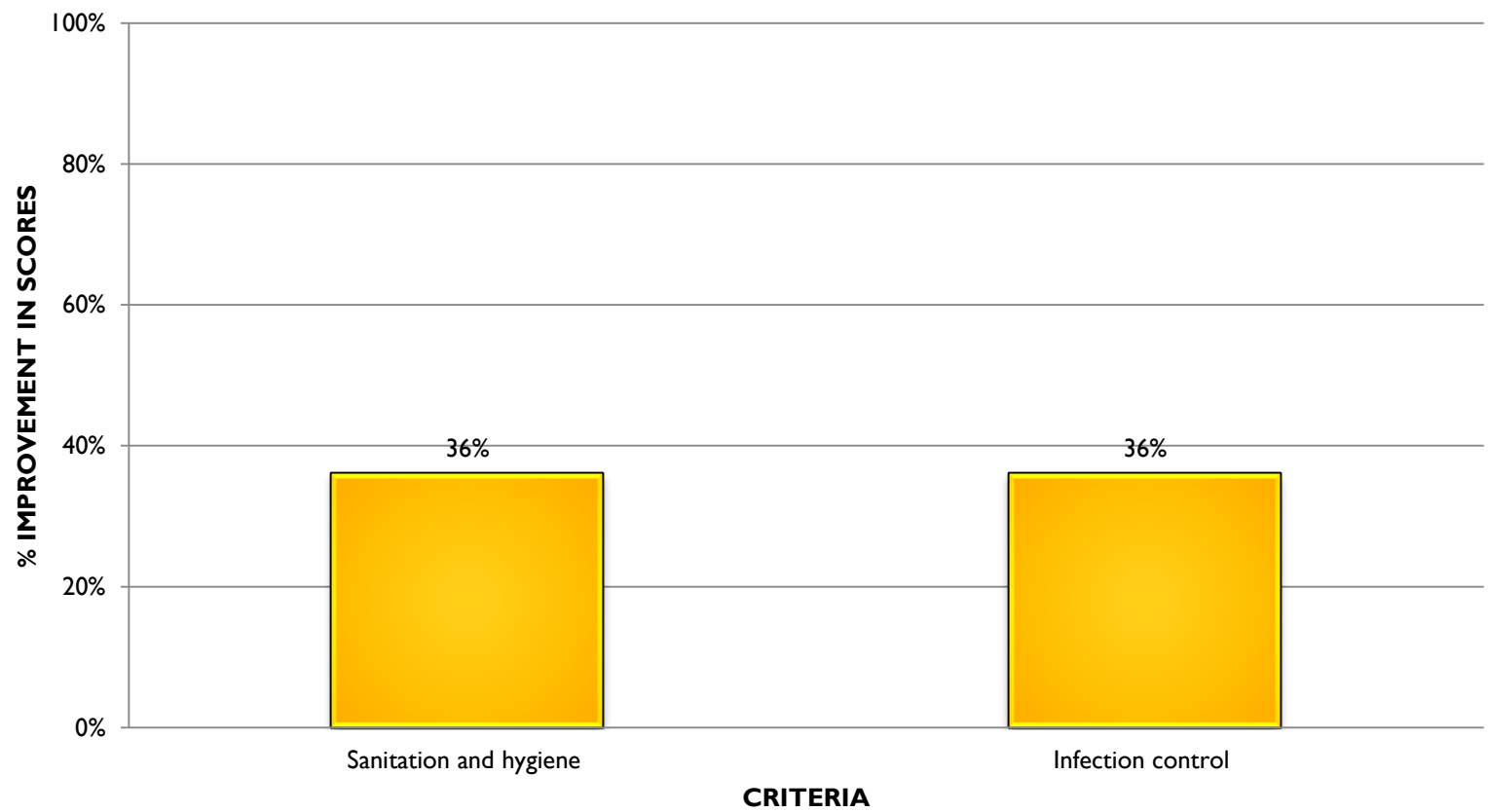
COMPARISON OF FIRST AND SECOND ASSESSMENT



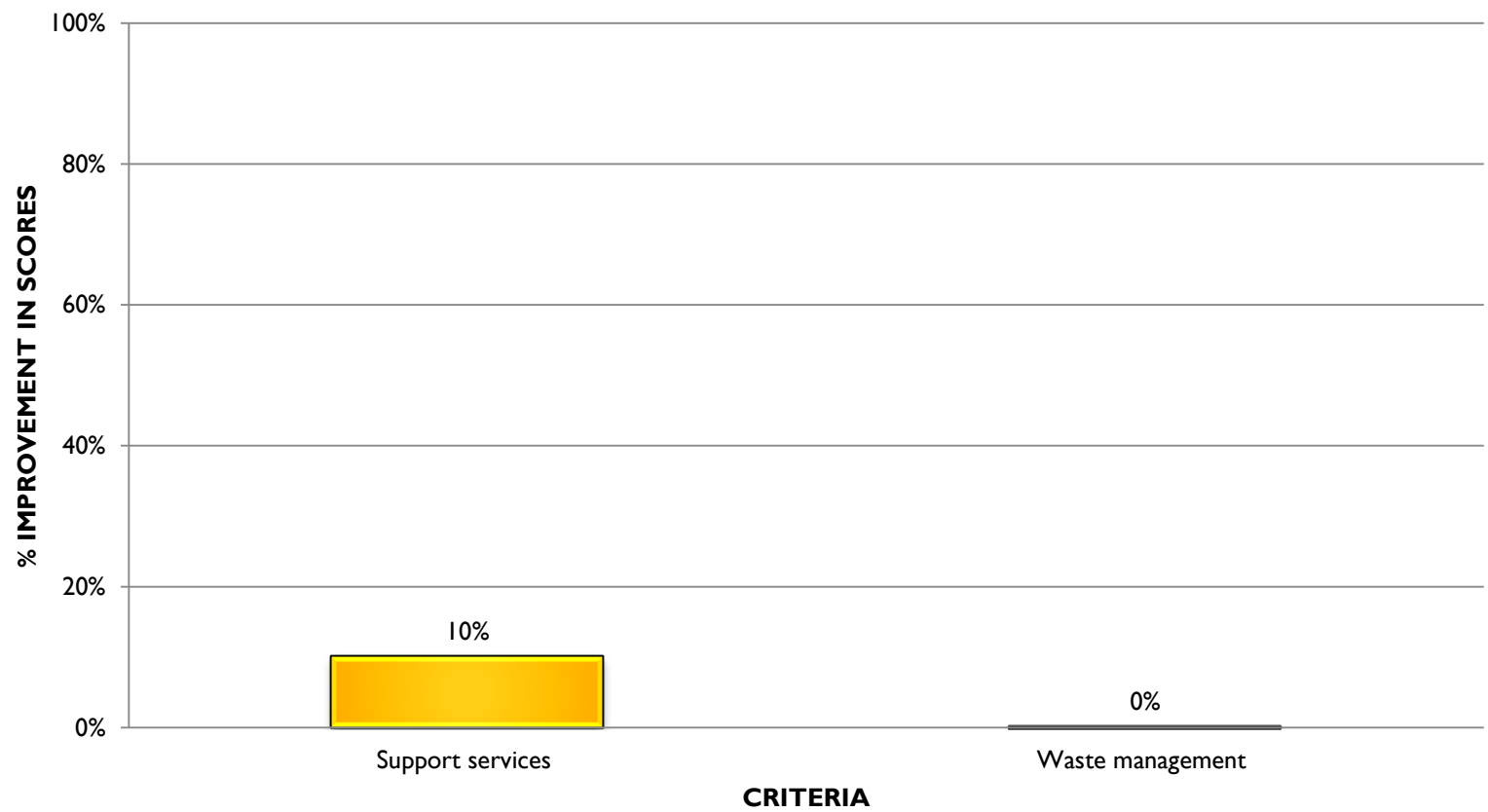
% IMPROVEMENT IN SCORES OF PRIORITY A AREAS



% IMPROVEMENT IN SCORES OF PRIORITY B AREAS



% IMPROVEMENT IN SCORES OF PRIORITY C AREAS



Conclusion

- Implementation of Kayakalp Swacchta guidelines helped in improving the overall cleanliness in the hospital but due to constraints of finances and manpower, the cleanliness beyond the hospital boundary couldn't be improve much.
- The areas which showed major improvements after the implementation of Kayakalp are Hygiene promotion (score increased by 58 %) , Hospital upkeep (score increased by 44%), sanitation and hygiene (score increased by 38%), Infection Control (score increased by 38%).
- The improvements were at par with the priority areas decided after Preliminary internal assessment i.e.
- The priority A areas which needed major improvements, showed major improvements The Priority B areas which needed moderate amount of improvements , underwent good percentage of improvement.
- The priority C areas which didn't require any interventions, underwent minimal improvements
- The only area which did not improve as per the Priority decided is Cleanliness Beyond Hospital Boundary

RECOMMENDATIONS (Activities to be undertaken by the hospital authorities for further improvement of Kayakalp Score)

- Cattle trap to be installed near the left side of the entry side .
- Board of the hospital name which illuminates at night , to be displayed
- The height of boundary wall to be increased in order to overcome daily complaints of thefts and IV drug abusers entering the premises.
- Rain water harvesting system to be constructed.
- The open drainage system has to be closed (Open drainage system is leading to blockage and overflow)
- Innovative measures like Vermicomposting to be taken into action
- Website of the hospital to be designed .
- Local governance bodies, NGOs and RKS to be involved in monitoring the cleanliness of hospital at predefined intervals.
- Nursing staff to be sensitized and convinced for following the dress code.
- Identity cards to be made available to the staff.