



MANAV JEEVAN VIKAS SAMITI KATNI, MP

Project -sustainable livelihood for tribal communities

BLOCK- TENDUKHEDA DIST – DAMOH, MADHY PREDASH

FACULTY MENTOR
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History :- Manav Jeevan Vikas Samiti is a social non governmental organisation, formed in the year 2000. The organisation has been effectively working for the past 20 years, being conscious of its objectives and tirelessly working for the underprivileged in rural areas. By organising capacity building training programs for its office staff, field workers, the underprivileged rural communities and promoting organic farming and generating sustainable livelihood for them, the institution has made sustained effort to mainstream the common man.

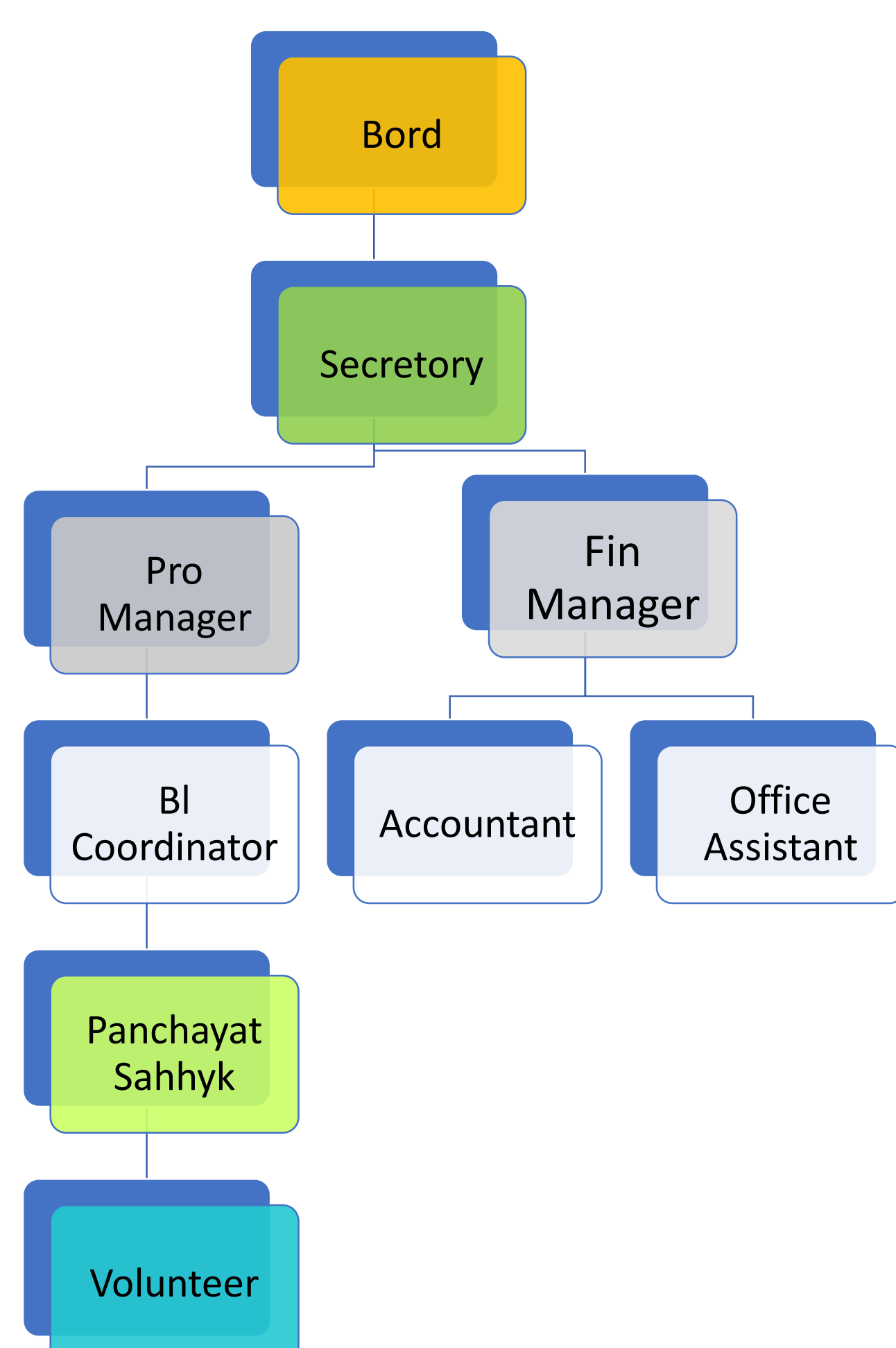
VISION:

To build a socially inclusive society by increasing the capacity of the community to manage the available natural resources & live a dignified life.

MISSION:

To promote a non-violent economy as an alternate model using organic farming & to bring poverty alleviation & community self-sufficiency for optimal management of natural resources.

Organization structure



Background

Contrary to traditional agricultural practice, today agricultural productivity is being raised with the use of chemical fertilizers and insecticides. The annual rainfall in the region is from 850 mm to 1200 mm. The condition of women and children in the region is very vulnerable. Still the custom of Parda Pratha (a tradition of covering the woman body with clothes), dowry and child marriage is practiced in the region. And more over nothing has worked out to get rid of child labour from the workplace and the Samiti is committed to make all possible efforts to make things correct.

Theoretical work

- Formation Of SHG's and Managing their data
- Guild line

Practical Exposure

- Meetings With SHG's
- On Ground Situation

Strength

- Sustainable agriculture at low cost
- Providing food security to farmers
- Stop migration of youth to cities.

Weakness

- Organic composting takes time
- Crop protection for farmers is not considered

Opportunity

- Livelihood generation
- Women empowerment
- Employment opportunity

Threats

- Appropriate market
- Climate change
- Lack of organic farming certification

Challenges

- Poor coordination of field staff members
- Traveling during field
- Weather
- The participation of women was less

Learnings

- Decentralization of program
- How to Dialogue with the government to get the work done
- How to build a capacity building of Panchayat representatives.

Usefulness

- Exposure of new field area
- Creates new interests
- Apply Theoretical Knowledge in the Real World.
- Effective communication.

Suggestions

- Preferring digital work by reducing paperwork.
- Field workers should geo tag all photographs in Notecam to maintain transparency.
- Bank accounts of women's self-help groups and farmers' groups should be opened
- Providing Regular market access

Success Stores

Mr.Parshottam Gound,Dhangor Have improved their Livelihood through Backyard poultry

Mr.Govind Gound,Dhangor By making vermicompost at your home, you save ten to fifteen thousand on fertilizer

Mr. Latori Singh, Pateria maal He is earning twenty to twenty five thousand per month by selling fruits and vegetables from his Kitchen Garden

Miss. umami, Sehari Earned a profit of 25 to 30 thousand by rearing poultry Farming.