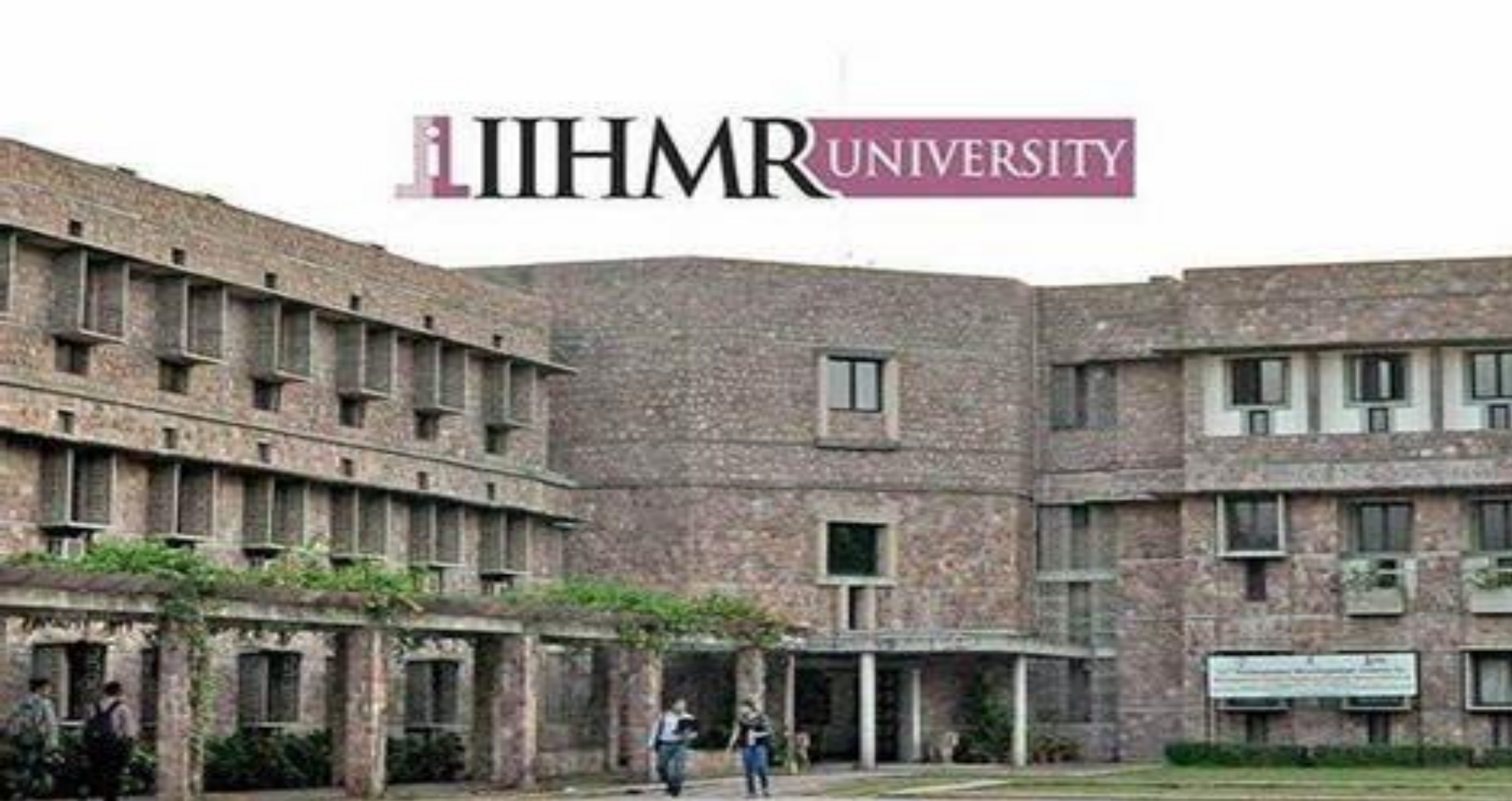




Name- Sneha Maji
Roll No.- 1846 (HM-28)

Project- Early Childhood Care and Education
Organization Mentor- Hemant Sharma
IIHMR Mentor- Anoop Khanna
Duration- 3rd May – 1st July



History

Nand Ghar is a social initiative of the Anil Agarwal Foundation(2015), the philanthropic arm of the Vedanta Groups. The project aims to transform the lives of 7 crore children and 2 crore women across the 13.7 Lakh Anganwadi centres by providing online education, primary healthcare, nutritional requirements and economically skill training for women across India. The first Nand Ghar was established in the Nagepur district of Varanasi in April 2016.



Description

Nand Ghar is a collaborative project between Vedanta and the Ministry of Women and Child Development, with an MoU signed up for developing 4000 modern Anganwadis as Nand Ghars across India. 6000+ Nand Ghar have been upgraded across 14 states in India.



Vision

Transforming the lives of 7 Cr. children and 2 Cr. women across 13.7 lakh Anganwadis in India through Nand Ghars, by imparting best in class curriculum through televisions for e-learning, healthcare with a doctor at doorstep, hygienic pre cooked meals for nutrition and economically empowering women through customized skill training across India.

Mission

Committed to the Prime Minister's national vision of eradicating child malnutrition, providing education, healthcare and empowering women with skill development

Objectives of the project -

- Promote development and integration of the senses at Nand Ghar.
- Stimulate intellectual curiosity and develop conceptual understanding of the world.
- Enhance development of pro-social skills, social competence and emotional well being.

Difference between Theoretical & practical understanding

Theoretical understanding in a public health related to ECCE means theories that emphasize individual health behavior, understanding of how to improve human health, community, beliefs etc. Practical understanding means actually doing the work, solving problems, work with real time projects, know how the ICDS and Nand Ghar project work goes, and making improvements in real-time. Combining both ensures that the human health improvement are based on solid knowledge and adapted to real-world needs, leading to better public health performance.

Challenges faced during internship

- Lack of washroom and drinking water
 - Lack of communication
 - Lack of management
 - Lack of data accuracy
 - Improper training

Learnings During Internship

- Gained a very nice knowledge about the Public health and ECCE process.
- Learnt how ICDS work with Nand Ghar, they mainly work in two way – A. Child right B. Women empowerment.
- At Nand Ghar meals are given to children for their nutrition twice a day, once at 8 am and once at 10.30 am.

Early Childhood Care and Education

ECCE is the training that is aimed to helping you provide of opportunities/experiences to young children up to 8 years of age in order to promote their holistic development.

Organisation Structure of Nand Ghar by Vedanta



ASHA is also at AWC level but she is from Health Department

Interpretations and Conclusion

- **Impact on Early Childhood Development** – The project significantly enhances early childhood development through improve access to quality, education and healthcare.
- **Community Empowerment** – By involving local communities and creating awareness, the project empowers communities.
- The modern infrastructure and facilities provided by Nand Ghar improve the learning environment and making education more accessible.
- The integration of education, nutrition, healthcare and women empowerment services demonstrate a holistic approach to early childhood care.
- The ECCE project by Nand Ghar exemplifies a successful model of corporate social responsibility in early childhood education.
- It also highlights the positive impacts that well-structured and supported initiatives can have on child development and community empowerment.

Usefulness of Internship

- Hands on practical Experience
- Teamwork
- Enhance the essential skill like real world application, data analysis, research methodology, communication, problem solving.
- Put theoretical knowledge into practice in the real world.

STRENGTHS

1. Strong corporate backing
2. Quality Infrastructure
3. Comprehensive Services
4. Community Engagement

WEAKNESSES

1. Dependency on Corporate funding
2. Limited reach in remote areas
3. Sustainability Concerns
4. Staff training needs

OPPORTUNITIES

1. Expansion to new regions
2. Partnerships with Government and NGOs
3. Integration of digital tools
4. Enhanced curriculum development

THREATS

1. Economic Instability
2. Competition from other Initiatives
3. Regulatory changes
4. Cultural barriers in certain areas