
Rural Urban Migration and Urbanization in Bhutan

Introduction

RURAL-URBAN MIGRATION



Research Questions

1. What is migration?
2. What are the causes and effects of Rural Urban Migration?
3. How can we reduce rural urban migration?
4. what are the impacts of Urbanization?
5. Why is sustainable development considered important in urbanization?

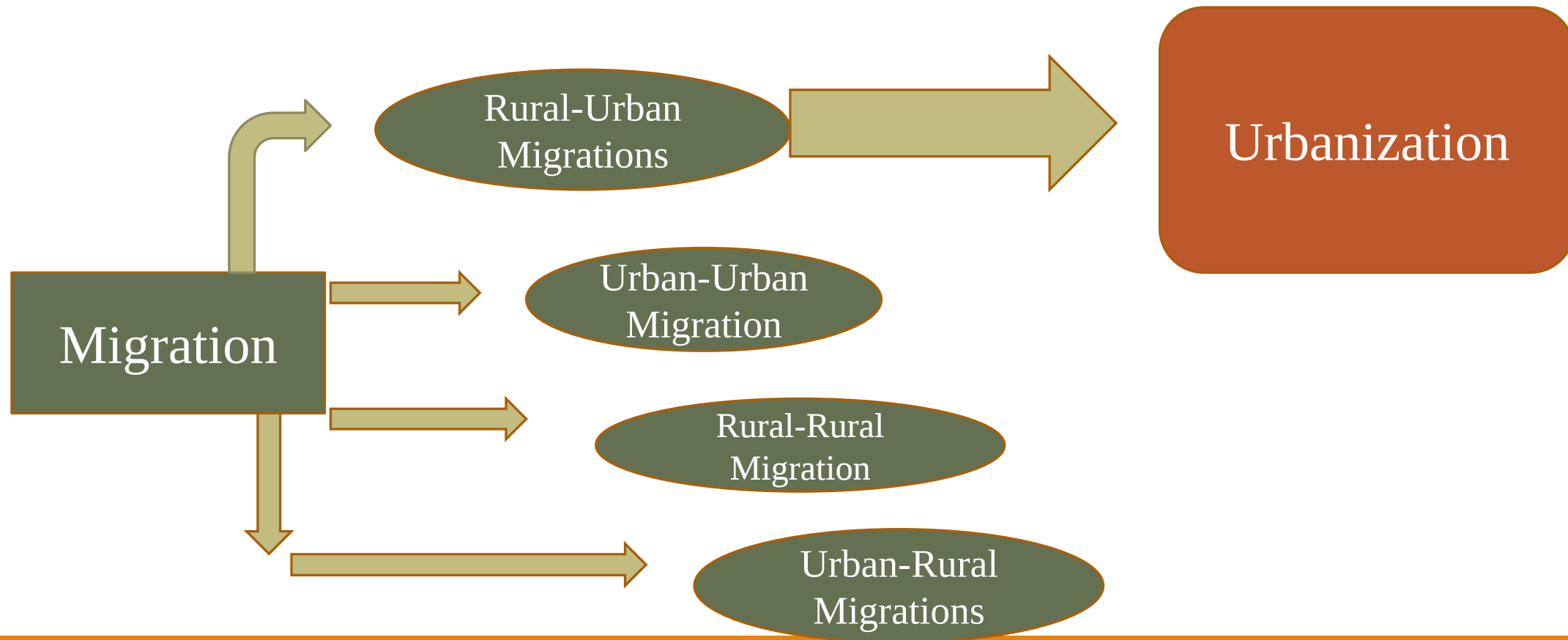
Methods and data collection

Secondary data collected from:

- ❑ Population census reports, PHCB (population and housing census of Bhutan – National Statistics Bureau)
- ❑ websites
- ❑ Articles and news paper
- ❑ YouTube videos and so on..

Research Findings

1. Concept of Migration and Urbanization



2. Causes of Migration in Bhutan

- I. Employment opportunities in cities
- II. Limited access to basic service in the rural areas.

3. Impacts of rural urban migration

Positive and Negative impacts

1. Positive impact includes

Enough Resources for every individual in the rural areas

2. Negative impacts includes

- Degradations of Culture
- low economic income in rural areas

4. Causes of Urbanization

1. Natural increases of population
2. Rural to urban migration

5. Impacts of Urbanization

Positive impacts of Urbanization

1. Creation of employment opportunities
2. Technological and infrastructure advancements
3. Improved transportation and communication
4. Quality education and medical facilities
5. Improved living standard

Negative impacts of Urbanization

1. Geographical Dimensions
2. Social Dimensions
3. Environmental Dimensions
4. Economic and social systems

6. Measures to reduce Urbanization

Improvement in rural areas

1. Provide better, more integrated service delivery to the rural communities in the health, welfare, agricultural extension, and education sectors through a process of departmental co-ordination.
2. Need to develop road and other communications network for remote areas on priority basis to integrate these areas with the rest of the country.
3. Developing small and medium sized cottage industries (such as weaving).
4. Focus on enhancing income and employment generation from the forestry sector through well-drawn up plans that could encourage export of forestry products.

Conclusion

- Increased number of rural urban migration leads to urbanization.
- In Bhutan more than 48% of people migrated from rural areas to urban areas for various reasons.
- Government came up with various measures to reduced rural urban migration.

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