



INTRODUCTION

About (children in need of care and protection)

Juvenile Justice (Care and protection of children) Act, 2015, according to this act a child in need of care and protection will be placed in children home for care, treatment, education, training, development and rehabilitation. Act provides open shelter and children homes protecting them from abuse or keeping them away from a life of streets.

Who are in need of care and protection- orphan, abandoned, surrender, sexually exploited, child labor, unfit parents, HIV infected, violence, victim of natural calamity, destitute, street children, financial condition is not good.

OBJECTIVES

The main objective, study the impact of (care and protection of children) Act.

- To study the working process of the organization who are working for the children.
- To study the problem faced during the whole process of rehabilitation and reintegration

METHODOLOGY

Data Source: Primary Data

No. of Respondents: 9 Organization and 1 Child welfare committee department (enrolled interviews 86 children and 4 CWC Member).

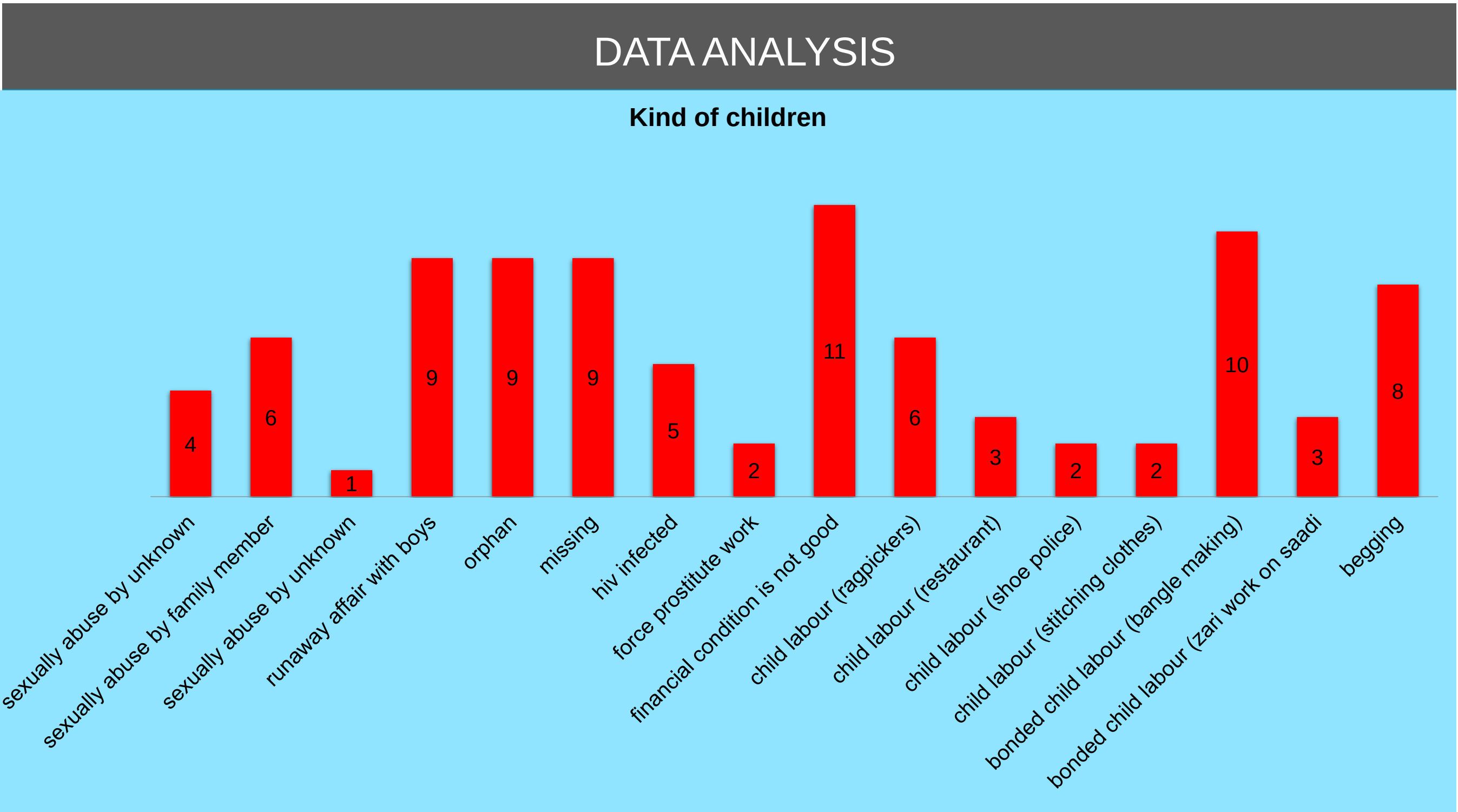
Study duration: 45 days

Tools and Technique used to collect Data

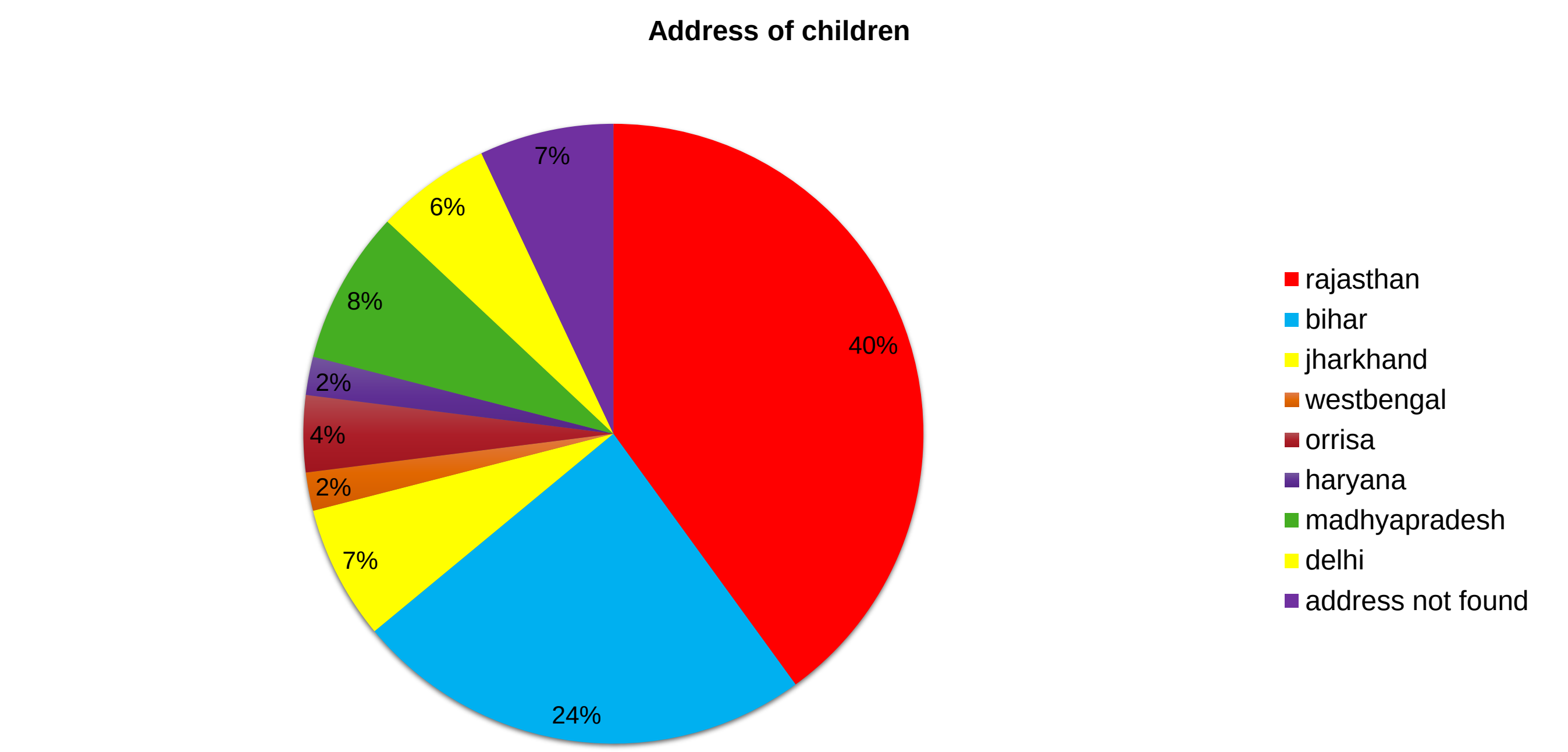
Data is used to study the impact, some tools of PRA are used in which questionnaire filling, personal interviews, and group discussion with the children. Only primary data was collected for study. The primary data was collected with the help of semi- structured questionnaire. The study have both the qualitative and quantitative data. The methodology of data collection is “survey methodology”.

FIELD OBSOATION

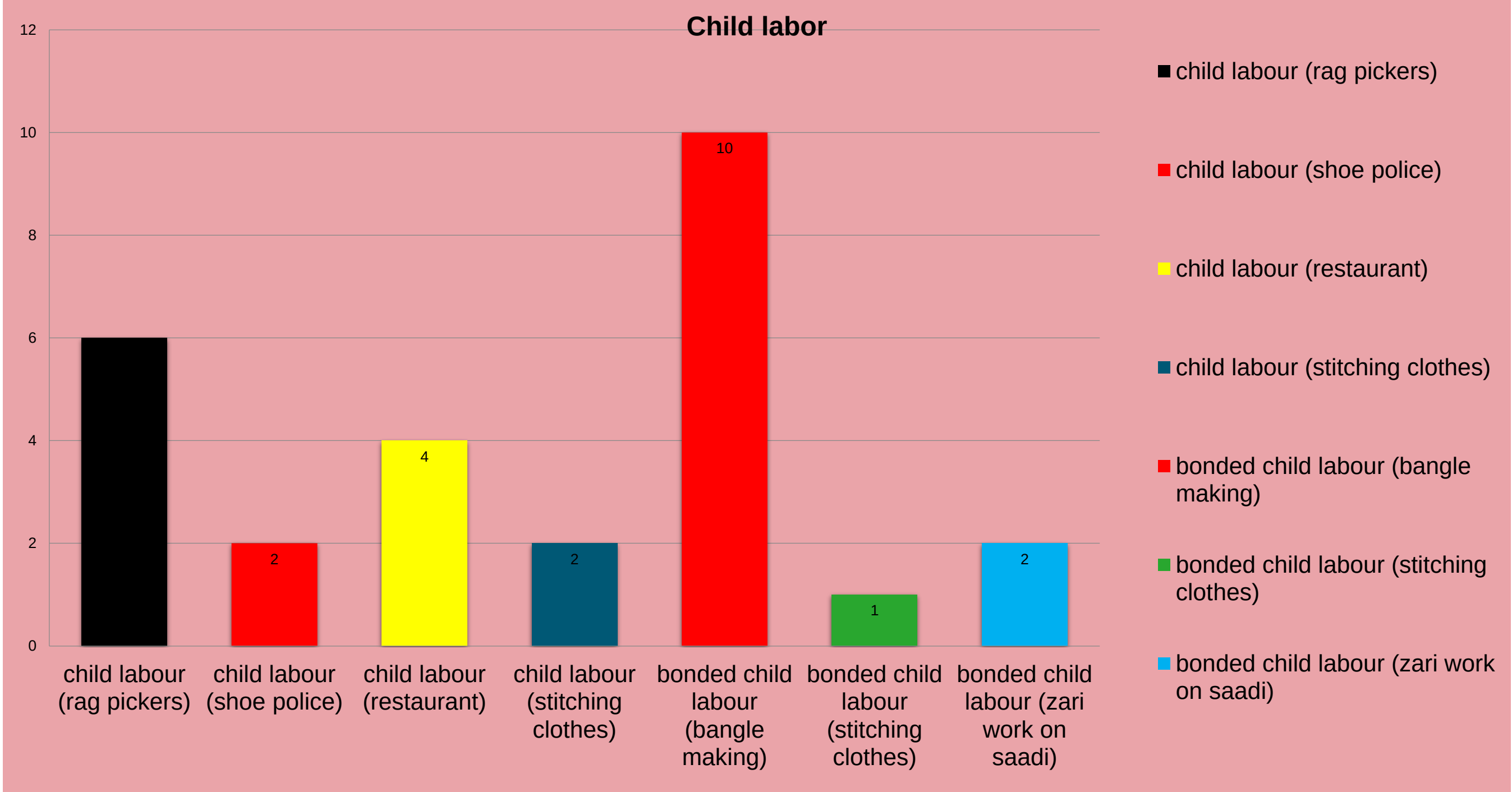
- My own observation in field that the maximum no. of girls child is sexually abuse by their family member the biggest cause is cultural, socioeconomic, anger, power, ethical standard etc.
- Follow up is not proper by home visit and after some time children again engage in child labor, begging, rag pickers etc.
- The out reach workers duty of all organizations at railway station, Sindhi camp, Galta gate, sastri nagar etc. but there is no outreach worker and anti human trafficking unit is duty at diamond cutting mines. According to the maps of India site maximum no. of child labor is in Jaipur at diamond cutting mines.
- Maximum no of children is come her e because their financial condition is not good. Highest level of unemployment in the Bihar, Jharkhand, Orissa, mp etc. that's why children engaged in child labor work.



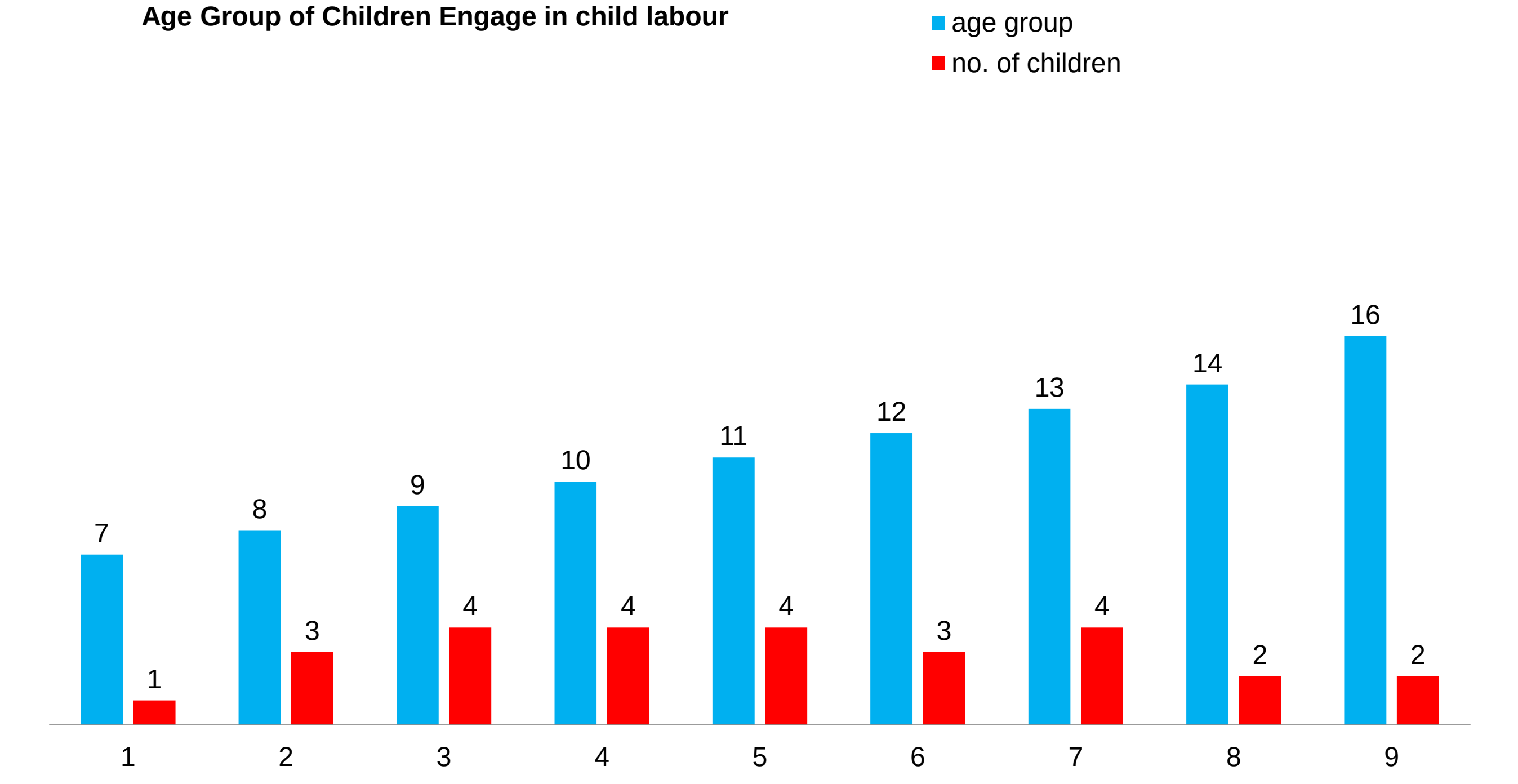
ADDRESS OF CHILDREN



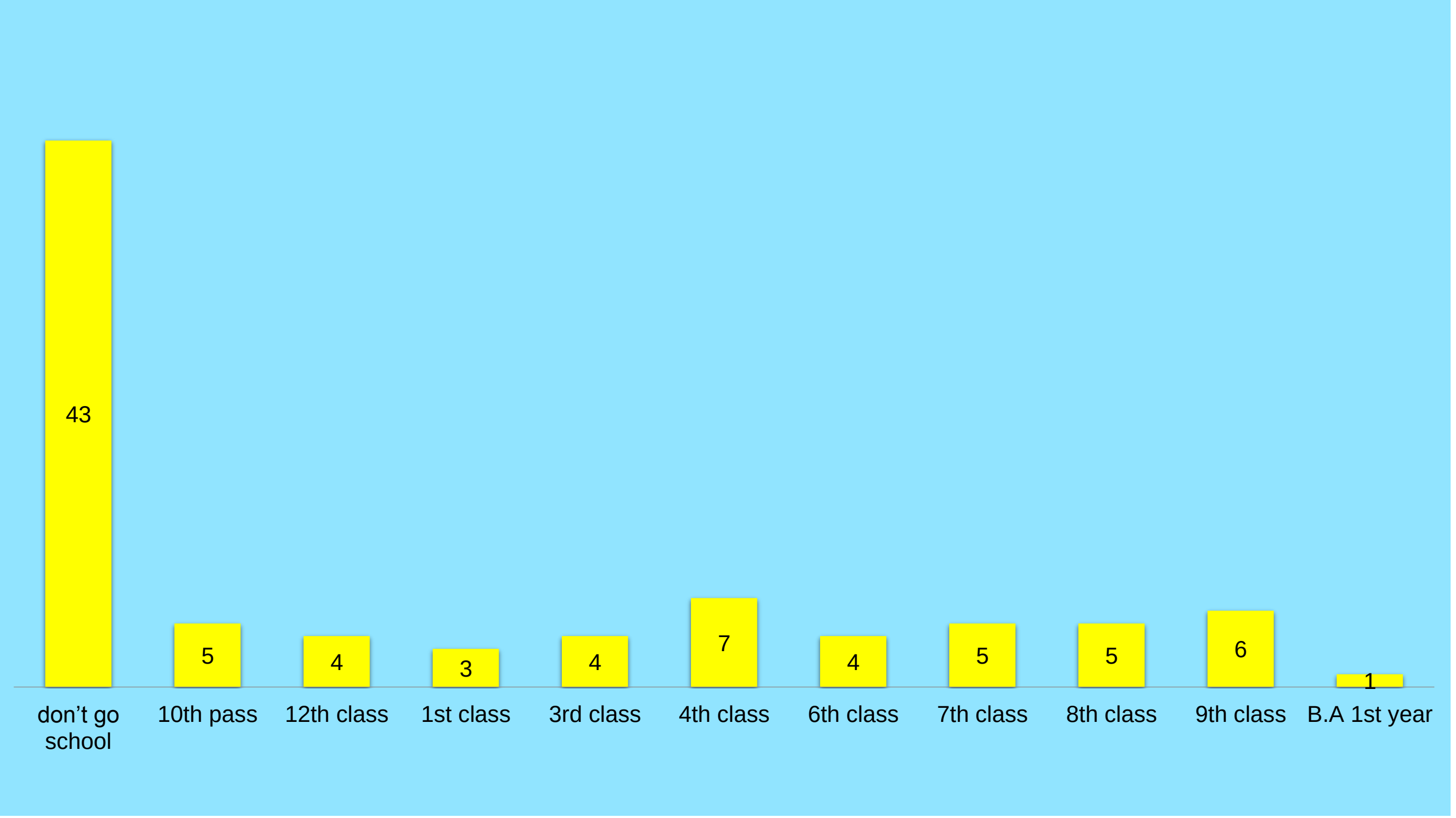
CHILD LABOR



AGE GROUP OF CHILDREN ENGAGE IN CHILD LABOR



NO OF CHILDREN GO TO SCHOOL



REASON OF SCHOOL DROP OUT



RECOMMENDATION

- A separate home is made for the drug addicted children.
- Anti human trafficking unit and outreach worker of the organizations is placed at the diamond cutting mines, because child labor is maximum at the diamond cutting mines.
- Teacher's facility is provided in Balika Greh, because Runaway girls (affair with boys) don't allow to go school, because they run away from schools.
- Proper follow up of children by visiting their home, phone. Because after some time children again engaged in child labor

CONCLUSION

– the study was conducted to determine the impact of this program. result show that the program is helpful in provide all the basic facility and protect rights of the vulnerable group of the children. The maximum no. of children come because their financial condition is not good, child labor, runaway, sexually abuse, missing. Maximum no. of children of child labor come from Bihar, Jharkhand, mp, Orissa. The maximum no. of children 8 to13 year old engage in child labor and the biggest cause of school drop out is bonded child labor, begging, runaway, sexually abuse etc. the program is helpful in the improve the living standard of these kind of children. Provide quality education, shelter, vocational training, counseling etc.