

- **Measures hemoglobin without needles using light sensors (fingertips, smartphones).**
- **Benefits:** Painless, safe, results in 30-60 seconds.
- **Uses:** Anemia screening, surgeries, chronic disease management.
- **Key Technologies**
- **Pulse CO-Oximetry:** Precise Hb readings (Masimo).
- **AI & PPG:** Smartphone-based screening (Quick Vitals).
- **Device Types:** Continuous (hospitals), spot-check (clinics), wearables (home).
- **Competition**
- **Global:** Masimo (premium), OrSense (cost-effective).
- **India:** EzeRx (affordable, rural), Quick Vitals (AI app).
- **Trend:** Local startups focus on cost and access
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Global Market

- **2024:** USD 320M.
- **2033:** USD 634-864.9M (CAGR: 8.2%).
- **Drivers:** High anemia rates, demand for quick diagnostics.
- **Challenges:** Skin-tone accuracy issues, high costs.
- **>India’s Opportunity**
- **Market:** USD 80M (2024) → USD 130M (2033, CAGR: 5.2%).
- **Why India?:**
- Anemia affects 57% of women 67% of children.
- Anemia Mukt Bharat program drives demand.
- Smartphone penetration supports AI diagnostics.
- **Challenges:** Complex regulations price sensitivity, rural access.
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Strategic Moves

- Solve skin-tone accuracy for diverse populations.
- Partner with government for mass screenings.
- Develop low-cost, rugged devices for rural India.

Future Vision

- AI improves accuracy and predicts health risks.
- Wearables enable home monitoring.
- Multi-vital devices for holistic care.

SWOT ANALYSIS

Strengths

- Strong brand reputation and clinical validation (for MNCs).
- Access to advanced, proprietary technology (e.g., Pulse CO-Oximetry).
- Established global supply chains and manufacturing expertise.

Weaknesses

- High product and operational cost structure.
- Lack of an established distribution network in rural India.
- Potential for technology to be misaligned with local needs (e.g., skin-tone bias, lack of ruggedness).

Opportunities

- Massive unmet clinical need due to high anemia prevalence.3

Threats

- Strong government support via 'Make in India' and public health programs (Anemia Mukt Bharat).3

- High smartphone penetration enabling disruptive SaMD models.48

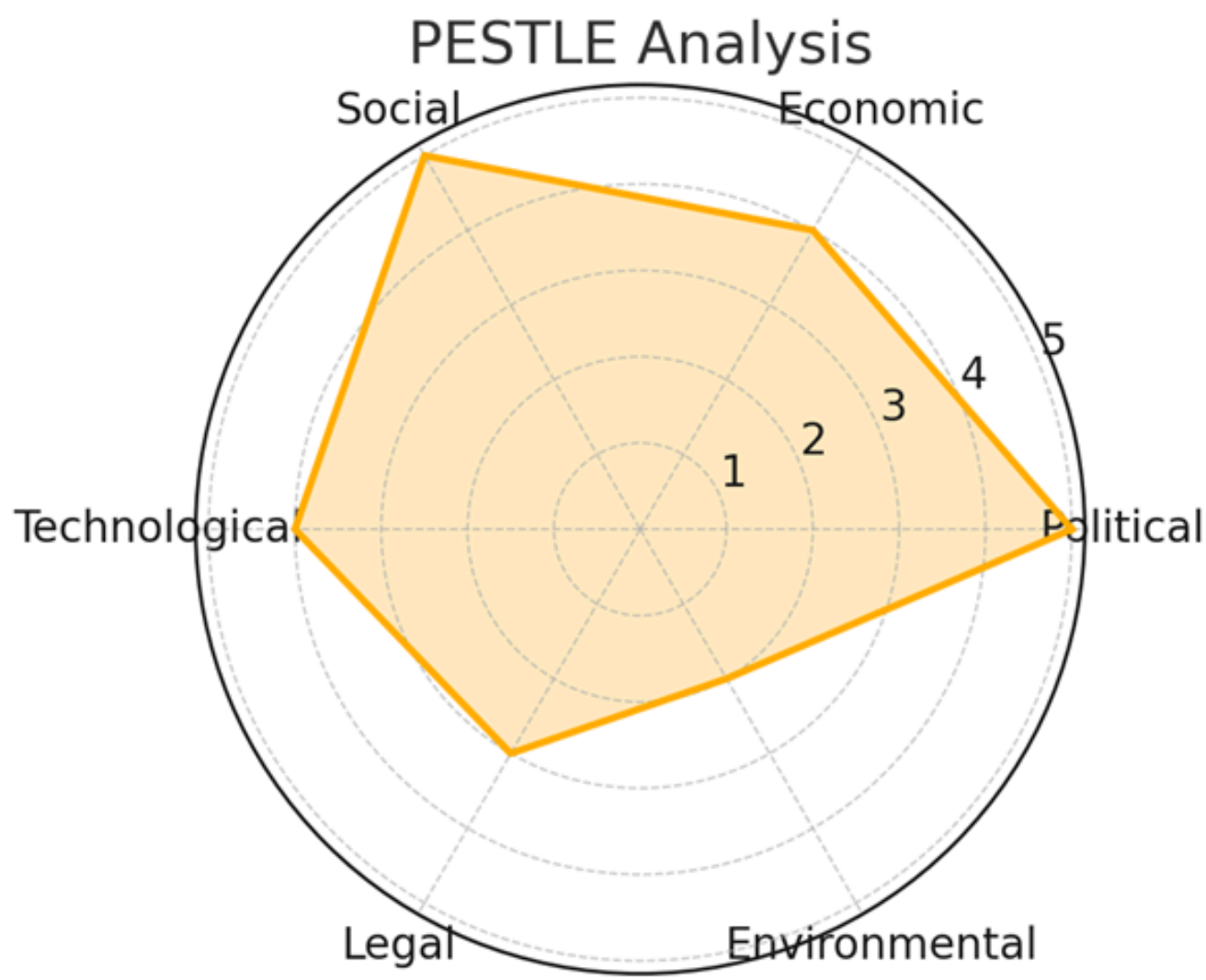
- Growing healthcare expenditure and insurance coverage.12

- Intense price sensitivity and government tender system favoring lowest cost.13

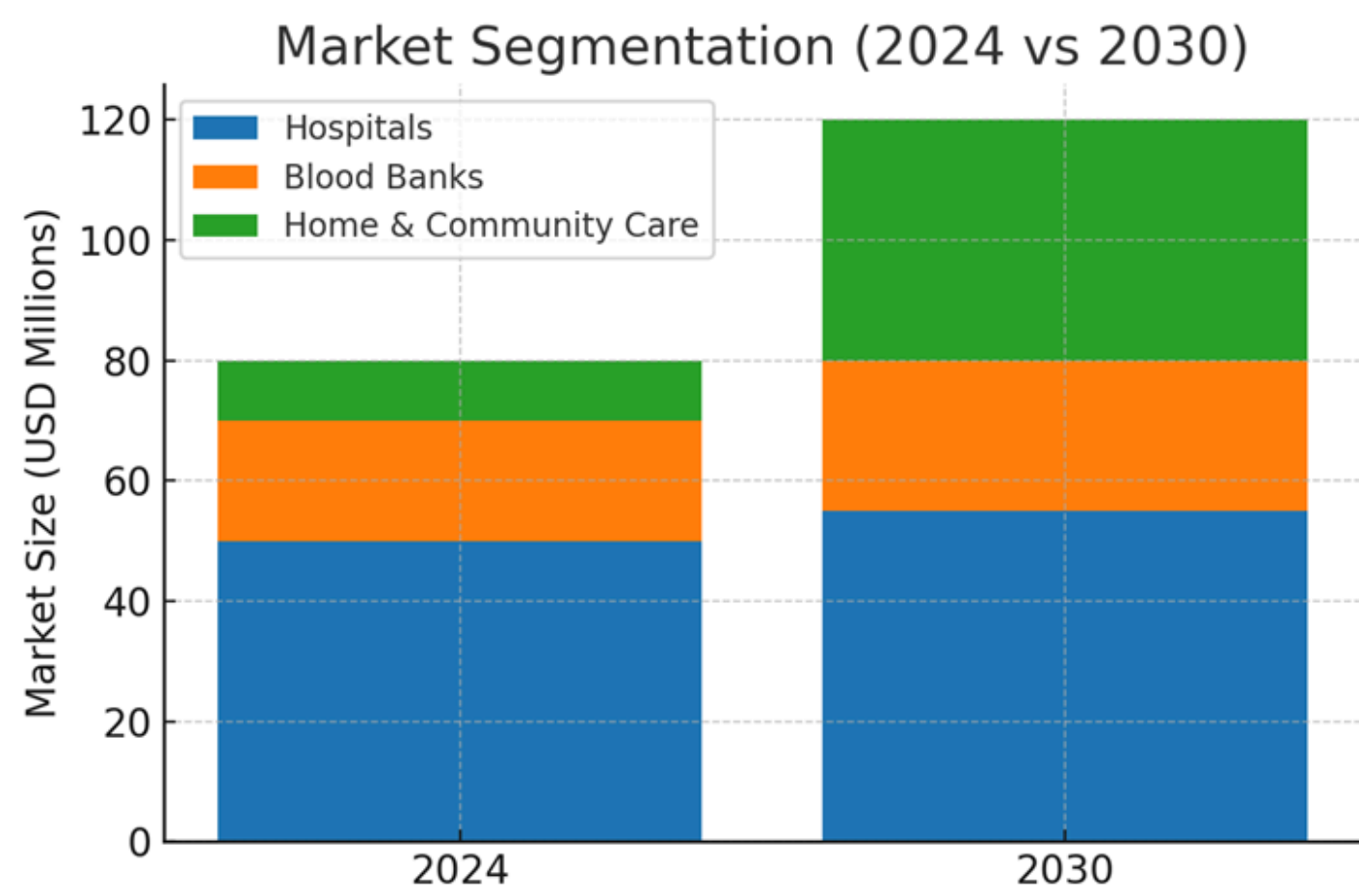
- Bundled payment reimbursement model (PM-JAY) disincentivizes high-cost tech adoption.12

- High threat from low-cost, locally developed substitutes (both invasive and non-invasive).41

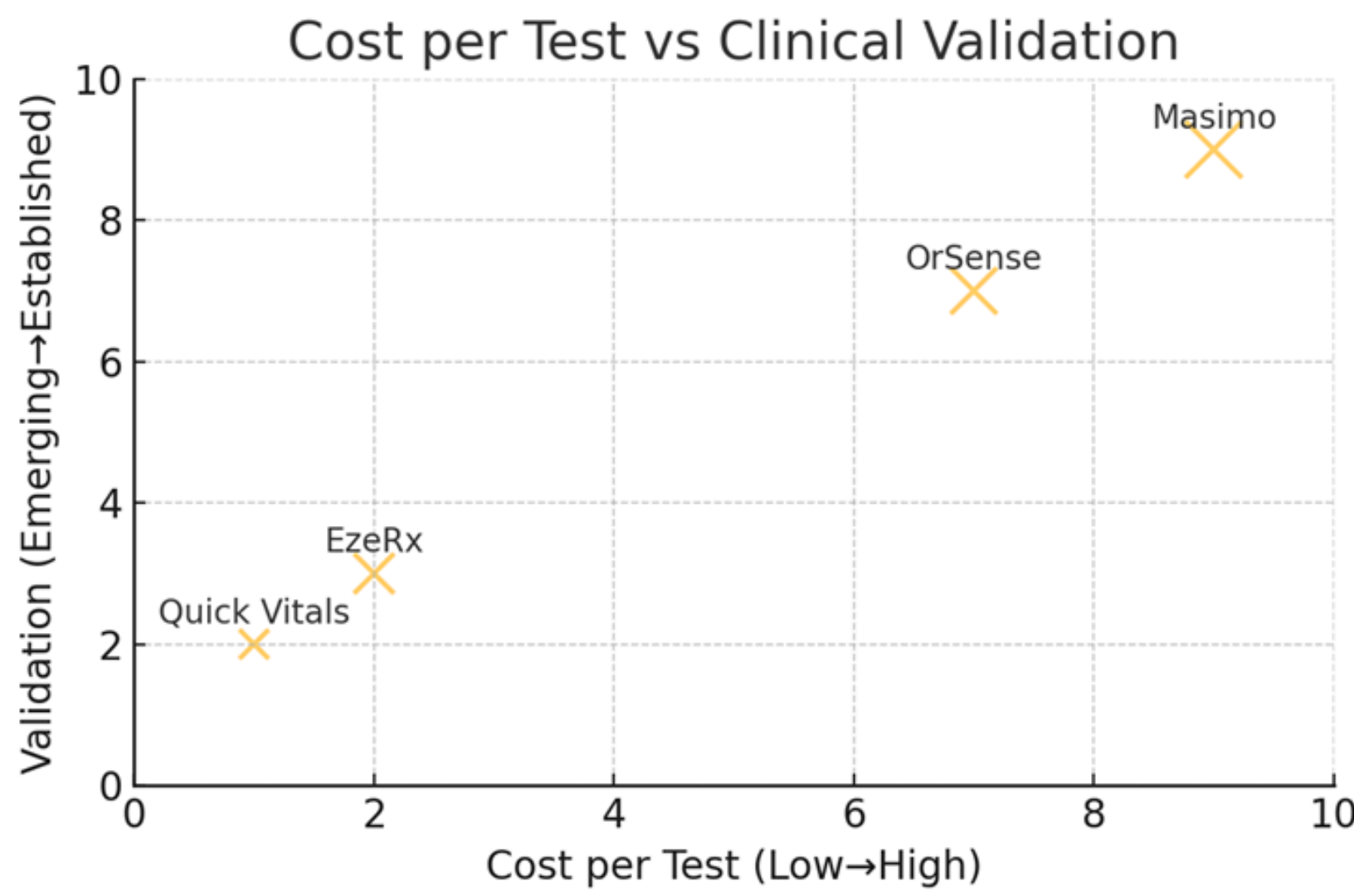
- Complex and evolving regulatory (CDSCO) 10 and environmental (EPR) compliance landscape.51



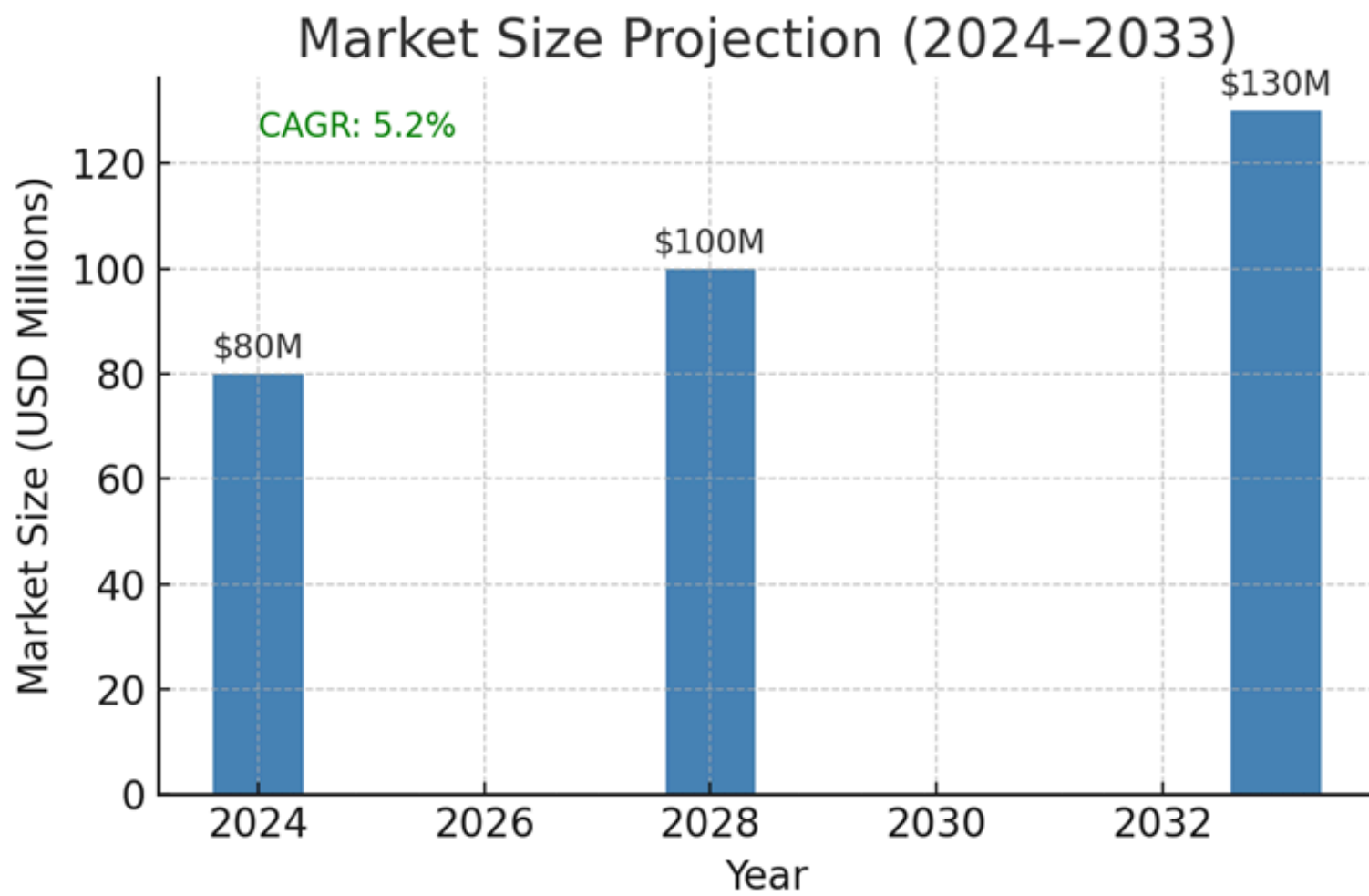
- Legal (3) shows evolving regulatory environment; Environmental (2) reflects minor e-waste considerations.
- Economic (4) and Technological (4) highlight cost constraints and enabling technologies.
- Social impact scores 5 due to high anemia prevalence necessitating solutions.
- Political factors score 5, driven by government health initiatives.



- Blood Banks show moderate growth, indicating stable demand in that segment.
- By 2030, Home & Community Care grows significantly from \$10M to \$40M.
 - Hospitals remain the largest segment in 2024 with \$50M share



- EzeRx and Quick Vitals target lower-cost segments with emerging validation, signaling opportunities for cost-sensitive markets.
- OrSense is well-validated with mid-to-high cost positioning.
 - Masimo occupies the high-cost, high-validation quadrant, indicating a premium, proven solution.



- Reflects increasing adoption of non-invasive hemoglobin monitoring technology over the decade.
- A compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 5.2% indicates steady expansion.
 - The market is projected to grow from \$80M in 2024 to \$130M in 2033.