



ABOUT:

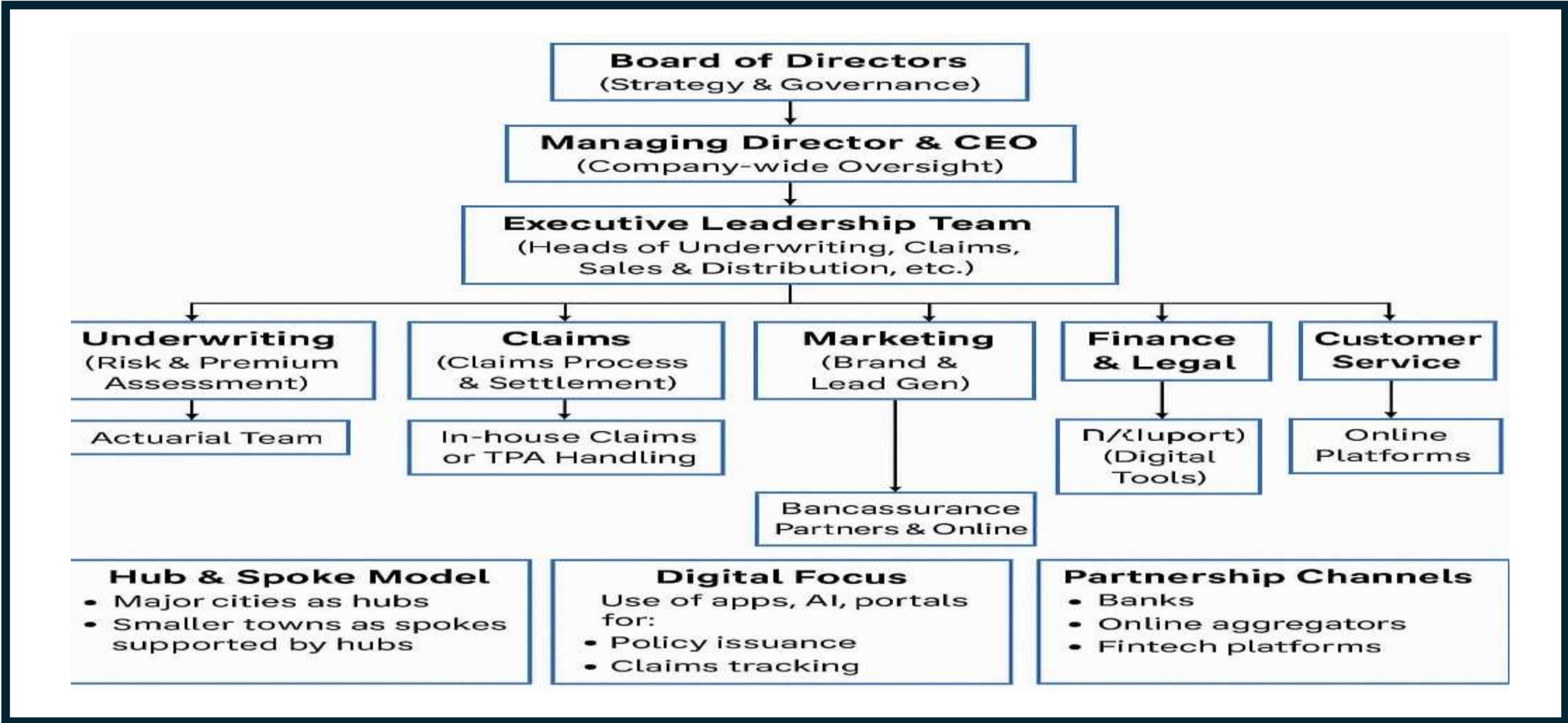
Care Health Insurance is a specialized health insurer offering products in the retail segment for [Health Insurance](#), Top-up Coverage, Personal Accident, Maternity, International Travel Insurance and Critical Illness along with Group Health Insurance and Group Personal Accident Insurance for Corporates, Micro Insurance Products for the Rural Market and a Comprehensive Set of Wellness Services. Best Health Insurance Plan – Care Plus’ at the Global Financial Planner’s Summit 2024.

VISION:

Being the most preferred health service provider, which is caring, cost effective, innovative and reachable.

MISSION:

- Create value for all stakeholders.
- Extend benefits to rural and social sectors.
- Lead in customer care, products, and communication.



STRENGTHS:

- Real-time access to actual claims data.
- Support from experienced audit and claims teams.
- Strong collaboration across departments.

WEAKNESSES:

- Limited access to some hospital-side documents.
- Time constraints during high-volume data periods.

SWOT

OPPORTUNITIES:

- Scope to influence claim cost policies.
- Future integration of AI-based cost flags.
- Building predictive models using claim history.

THREATS:

- Resistance from hospitals during claim rejections.
- Risk of missing nuanced clinical justification without full case notes.

CARE HEALTH INSURANCE GURUGRAM

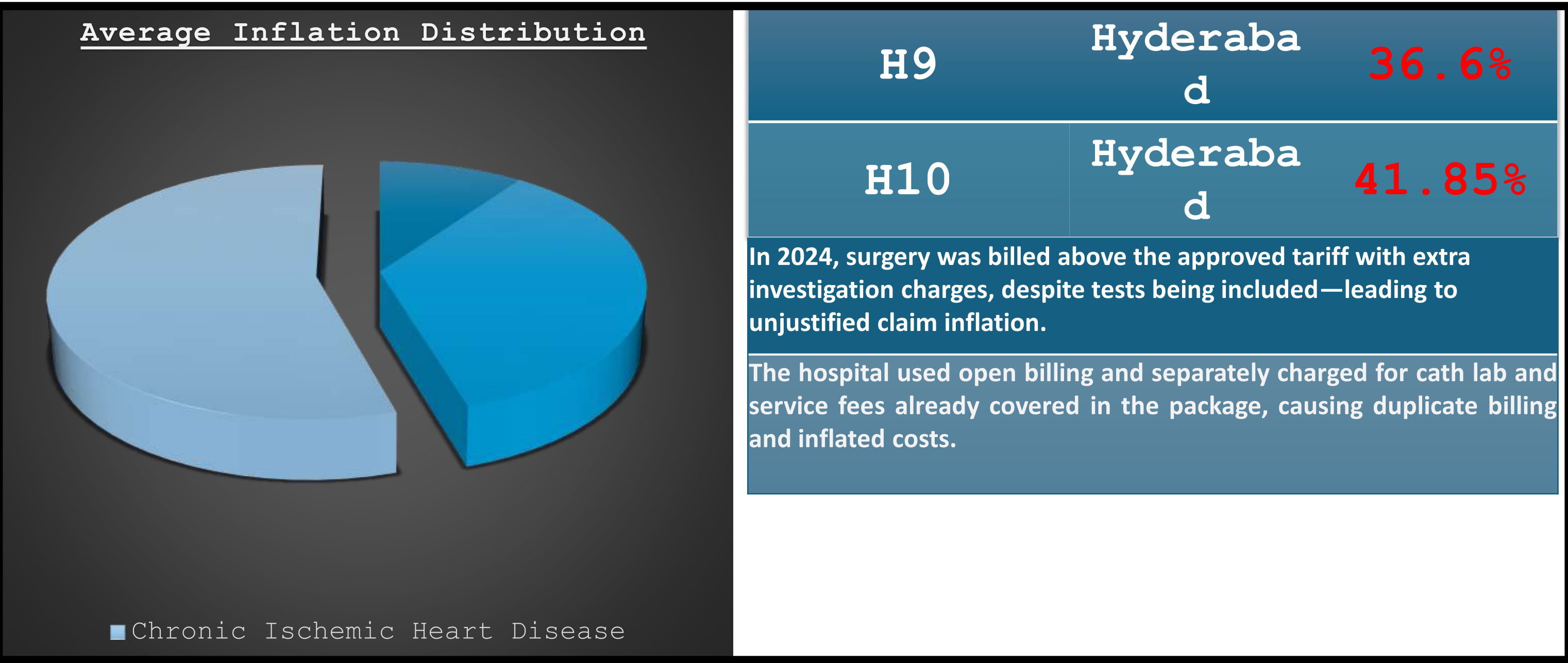
POSTER TITLE: Pricing the Procedure: A Business Lens on ACS Inflation in Network Hospitals

OBJECTIVES:

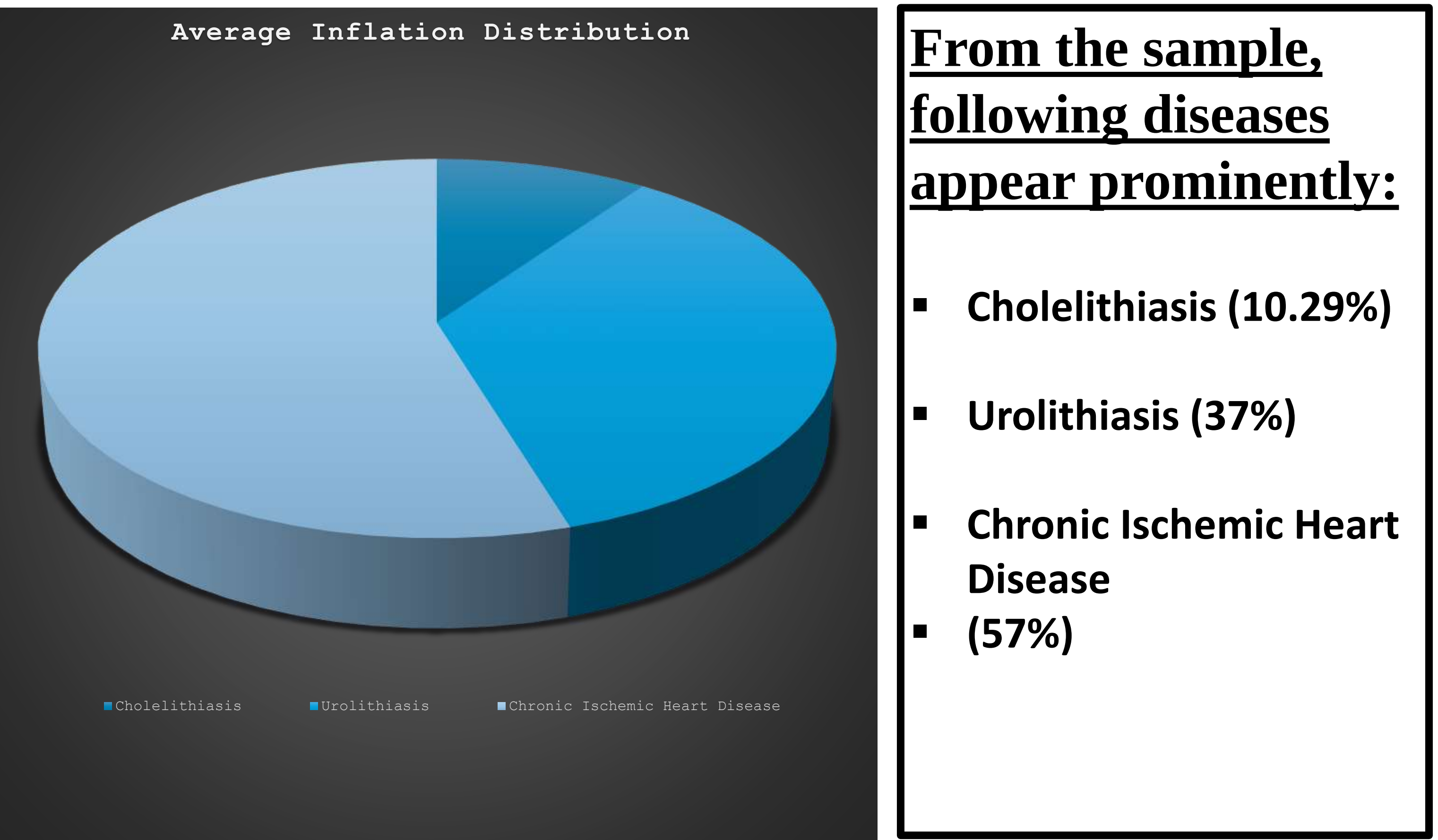
- To quantify inflation in Average Claim Size in Hyderabad hospitals
- To identify the clinical, operational, and billing reasons behind this inflation
- To differentiate patterns by hospital type, specialty, and procedure

ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION OF DATA:

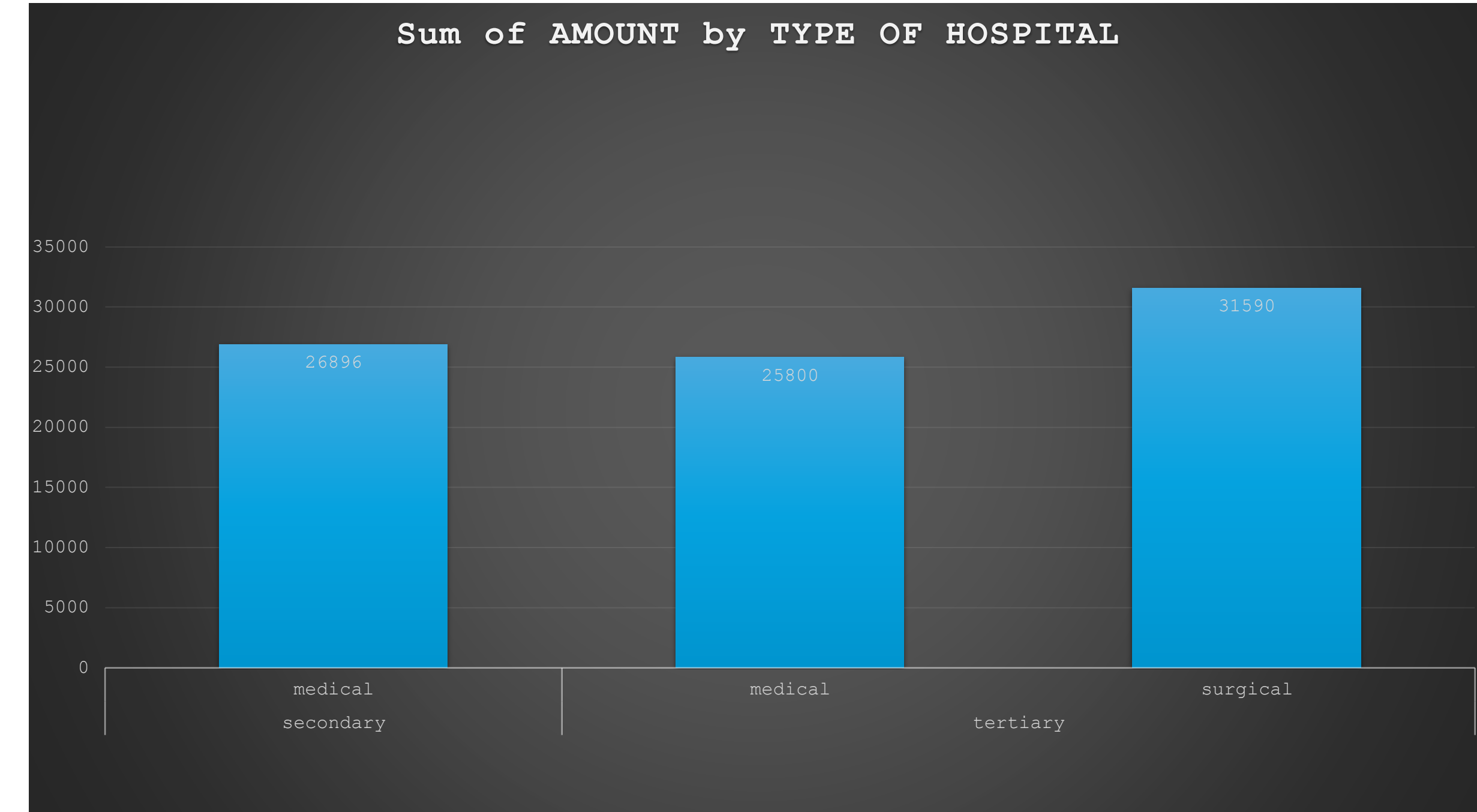
- Compared year-on-year ACS data (FY 2023–24 vs 2024–25) for 3 high-frequency diseases.
- Segregated by:
 - Procedure type (e.g., open vs laparoscopic)
 - Length of stay
- Avoided direct tariff comparison; instead, analyzed clinical behavior patterns across 10 tertiary hospitals using anonymized labels (H1–H10)



INFLATION FINDINGS ACCORDING TO ICD:



RECOVERY AUDIT FINDINGS:



FINDINGS:

- Hospitals often billed above approved tariffs, especially in 2024.
- Packages were modified with added items and unbundled charges.
- Implants, diagnostics, and professional fees were billed separately.
- Open billing and duplicate procedures led to inflated claims.
- Pharmacy and equipment costs rose without medical justification.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- Implement a Digital Package Lock to prevent extra billing after approval.
- Create a real-time Tariff Breach Dashboard.
- Set Pre-Authorization Cost Flags for high-risk claims.
- Develop Hospital Billing Scorecards.
- Start pilot contracts for Outcome-Based Pricing.
- Maintain a High-Risk Procedure Watchlist (e.g., cardiac, urology).

CHALLENGES:

- Adapting to real-world claim complexities
- Limited access to complete clinical documents
- Time constraints during high-volume analysis
- Coordinating across departments
- Communicating audit findings tactfully

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