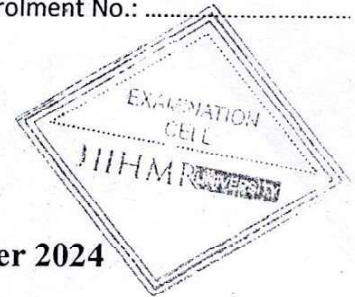




Institute of Health Management Research
MBA Hospital and Health Management
Batch-28th (2023-2025) Health Management
Second Year, Term 4 End Term Examination, November 2024

Enrolment No.:



HEM-706 NGO Management

Time - 3 Hour

Maximum Marks: 50 (Minimum Marks: 20)

Instructions to students:

- This question paper contains 2 printed pages.
- Don't write anything on the Question Paper except your Enrolment No.

Part A

(Maximum Marks: 5)

Q1. Choose the correct option for the following (0.5 mark each):

- (a). What is the correct form
- (i) BRAC
 - (ii) BARC
 - (iii) BACR
 - (iv) CABR
- (b). Partners In Health (PIH) -nonprofit corporation Headquarters- in
- (i) Baltimore, USA
 - (ii) Boston, Massachusetts.
 - (iii) Berlin, Germany
 - (iv) Dhaka, Bangladesh
- (c). SEARCH works hands to hand with vulnerable families with a mission of
- (i) To help vulnerable families for access their right
 - (ii) To support the primary health care
 - (iii) 'Aarogya-Swaraj', i.e. people's health in people's hands
 - (iv) To provide nutritional food
- (d). Voluntary Health Association of India has contributed in the field of
- (i) Research activities
 - (ii) Revised National Health policy
 - (iii) Support to GONGO
 - (iv) Consultancy
- (e). Participatory is a
- (i) Mean
 - (ii) End
 - (iii) Mean and ends both
 - (iv) None of the above
- (f). The main responsibilities of implementing the decisions of Governing board in
- (i) An NGO lies on Vice president
 - (ii) An NGO lies on Secretary
 - (iii) An NGO lies on Treasurer
 - (iv) An NGO lies on General members
- (g). Ethical accountability is the practice of
- (i) Improvising a tool for social commitment
 - (ii) Improving overall personal and organizational performance
 - (iii) Improving in achieving the project goal
 - (iv) Improvising in development of MIS system

- (h). Benefits of Financial Accountability
- (i) Helps NGO in making the image at CBOs
 - (ii) NGO in making the image of Non-Profit Organization
 - (iii) Helps NGO in achieving the project goal
 - (iv) Improvising in development of MIS system
- (i). Analysis of PRA findings should be done
- (i) By using diagrams, matrices, ranking, methods, and other analytical tools.
 - (ii) By the combination of PRA and survey method
 - (iii) By discussion with the formal leaders
 - (iv) By discussion with the in-formal leaders
- (j). Which one of the following desirable characteristics of health information is the LEAST IMPORTANT in current context?
- (i) Precisions
 - (ii) Timeliness
 - (iii) Accurate Validity
 - (iv) Cost



Part B

(Maximum Marks: 15)

Answer any three of the following questions (within 1000 words) (5 mark each).

- Q2. Elaborate your understanding on "Participation as a mean and ends".
- Q3. How NGO-Map model can be used for performance assessments of NGOs.
- Q4. Differentiate PRA and RRA with suitable Example.
- Q5. Describe the activities of Infosys Foundation. How it's supporting in public health programs.

Part C

(Maximum Marks: 30)

Answer any two of the following questions in detail (within 2000 words) (15 mark each).

- Q6. How the different authors have defined NGOs. Explain the different acts in which NGOs can be registered.
- Q7. Define PRA. What are the things to be remembered while conducting PRA. Define any two types of PRA techniques with public health example.
- Q8. What is Community Participation. How it is different from Community Mobilization. Elaborate on the different forms of participation?