



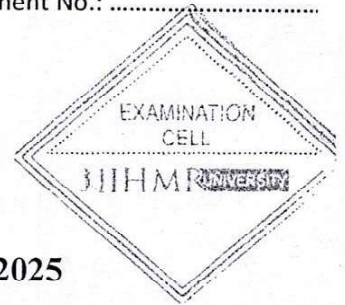
Institute of Health Management Research

MBA Hospital and Health Management

Batch-28th (2023-2025) Hospital Management

Second Year, Term 5 End Term Examination, February 2025

HOM-711 Legal Framework in Healthcare



Time - 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50 (Minimum Marks 20)

Instructions to students:

- This question paper contains 3 printed page/s.
- Don't write anything on the Question Paper except writing your Enrolment No.

Part A

(Maximum Marks: 5)

Q1. Choose the correct option for the following (0.5 mark each):

a.

(A) Passive Euthanasia: This is where treatment for the terminally-ill person is withdrawn, i.e., conditions necessary for the continuance of life are withdrawn.

(B) Active Euthanasia: This is where a doctor intentionally intervenes to end someone's life with the use of lethal substances.

Pick the correct statements:

- a) Both A and B are true.
- b) Both A and B are False.
- c) Both A and B are partly true.
- d) Both are false.

b. The consent is covered under which of the following acts of law?

- a) The Indian contract law.
- b) The Indian consent law.
- c) The Indian corporate law.
- d) The Indian evidence act

c. The Communication between doctor and patient is considered.

- a) Privileged Communication
- b) Secret Communication
- c) Open Communication
- d) May be Secret under some circumstances

d. The provisions of bio-medical waste management are governed by

- a) The Environment Protection Act, 1986
- b) Atomic Energy (Safe Disposal of Radioactive Waste) Rules 1987
- c) Bio-medical Waste (Management and Handling) rules 1998
- d) Safe sanitation Act 2003

e. Law of Tort applies when

- a) Wrong doer violates some legal rights vested in other person.
- b) When a person does wrong willingly and knowingly
- c) Commission of an act which a prudent person would do.
- d) When doer personally brings torture to a patient

f. A drug not labelled in the prescribed manner shall be treated as

- a) adulterated drug
- b) spurious drug
- c) misbranded drug
- d) mischievous drug

g. As per the Consumer Protection Act, the complaint must be filed within --- months from the date the cause of action arose.

- a) 24
- b) 36
- c) 12
- d) 6

h. As per Bio Medical Waste handling rules Glassware and metallic body implants are discarded in colored puncture proof temper proof container.

- a) Blue
- b) Red
- c) White
- d) Yellow

i. The 4 Ds of Negligence are

- a) Demand, Derelict, Duty, Direct Cause
- b) Damages, Derelict, Duty, In-direct Cause
- c) Damages, Derelict, Duty, Direct Cause
- d) Demand, Derelict, Duty, In-direct Cause

j. As per Section 4(2) PCPNDT Act no pre-natal diagnostic techniques shall be conducted except for the purposes of detection of any of the following abnormalities:

- a) Haemoglobinopathies
- b) sex-linked genetic diseases
- c) congenital anomalies
- d) All above

Part B

(Maximum Marks: 15)

Answer any three of the following questions (5 marks each):

Q 2. Explain "Novus Actus Interviens" in Medical Negligence with examples.

Q 3. What is Consent? Describe expressed consent with an example.

Q 4. Explain Evolution of Medical Termination Act 1971 and its current status.

Q 5. Describe NMC Act 2020 and its relevance in improving the healthcare environment in our country.

Q 6. Discuss Euthanasia & its types and current status in India



Part C

(Maximum Marks: 30)

Answer any three of the following questions in detail (10 marks each):

Q 7. Enumerate laws applicable to the management of patients. Discuss the relevance, salient feature, and current status of anyone.

Q 8. Enumerate the Statutory compliances applicable to hospitals for accreditation and explain the Clinical Establishment Act 2010 with its all-salient features.

Q 9. Consumer Protection Act 1986 (CPA-1986) is a protective tool for patients. Explain the statement with the help of CPA-1986 considers patients' rights under CPA-1986

Q 10. What is a Medical legal case and what precautions need to be taken while preparing documents for a medicolegal case?

