

Understanding a Development Organization**Term Examination****Time - 3 Hour****MM-70**

The question paper contains 3 printed page.

Section A

Attempt any three questions. Each question carries 20 marks.

1. What is NGOs? Define the role of National NGOs and how different National levels NGOs are contributing in the development sector reform.
2. Define PRA. What are the things to be remembered while conducting PRA. Define any two types of PRA techniques with example.
3. How different authors has defined Community Participation. What are the different forms of participation?
4. How NGO-Map model can be used for performance assessments of NGOs.



Roll No:

Section B

Select the most appropriate answer. Every question carries one mark. All the questions are compulsory in this section.

1. FCRA can be registered at
 - a) Ministry of health and family welfare
 - b) Ministry of home affairs
 - c) Ministry of economic affairs
 - d) Ministry of youth affairs

2. Save the Children vision is to
 - a) A comprehensive package of reproductive health services
 - b) Every child attains the right to survival, protection, development and participation
 - c) A package by ensuring that each child born get the best life
 - d) The financial resource to NGOs

3. SEARCH works hands to hand with vulnerable families with a mission of
 - a. To help vulnerable families for access their right
 - b. To support the primary health care
 - c. 'Aarogya-Swaraj', i.e. people's health in people's hands
 - d. To provide nutritional food

4. Voluntary Health Association of India has contributed in the field of
 - a) Research activities
 - b) Revised National Health policy
 - c) Support to GONGO
 - d) Consultancy

5. The main mission of UNICEF is
 - a) Providing financial support to NGOs
 - b) Providing financial support to Government
 - c) Child right and child care
 - d) Literacy for all

6. The main responsibilities of implementing the decisions of Governing board in

- a) An NGO lies on Vice president
- b) An NGO lies on Secretary
- c) An NGO lies on Treasurer
- d) An NGO lies on General members

7. Ethical accountability is the practice of

- a) Improvising a tool for social commitment
- b) Improving overall personal and organizational performance
- c) Improving in achieving the project goal
- d) Improvising in development of MIS system

8. Benefits of Financial Accountability

- a) Helps NGO in making the image at CBOs
- b) NGO in making the image of Non Profit Organization
- c) Helps NGO in achieving the project goal
- d) Improvising in development of MIS system

9. Analysis of PRA findings should be done

- a) By using diagrams, matrices, ranking, methods, and other analytical tools.
- b) By the combination of PRA and survey method
- c) By discussion with the formal leaders
- d) By discussion with the in-formal leaders

10. Development can be defined as a

- a) Welfare activities
- b) Charity
- c) Financial sustainability
- d) Raise capability of the people to take informed decisions

